## Einstein Apos S Generation The Origins Of The Relativity Revolution

#Albert Einstein #Relativity Theory Origins #Physics Revolution #History of Relativity #Einstein's Generation

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## Einstein Apos S Generation The Origins Of The Relativity Revolution

Einstein's Revolution: Crash Course History of Science #32 - Einstein's Revolution: Crash Course History of Science #32 by CrashCourse 323,662 views 5 years ago 12 minutes, 7 seconds - There was physics before **Einstein**, in the same way that there was biology before Darwin. **Einstein**, didn't just add some new ideas ...

How did Einstein grow up?

Who is Albert Einstein's first wife?

What country was albert einstein a citizen of?

General Relativity Explained simply & visually - General Relativity Explained simply & visually by Arvin Ash 5,710,372 views 3 years ago 14 minutes, 4 seconds - Albert **Einstein**, was ridiculed when he first published his theory. People thought it was too weird and radical to be real. **Einstein**, ... Albert Einstein and Theory of relativity Full Documentary HD - Albert Einstein and Theory of relativity Full Documentary HD by Science Corner 297,785 views 5 years ago 1 hour, 29 minutes - albert **einstein**, (academic),documentary (tv genre),the extraordinary genius of albert **einstein**,,albert **einstein**,,theory of **relativity**, ...

Fame Goes To Einstein's Head | Forgotten History - Fame Goes To Einstein's Head | Forgotten History by Adrian Gray Comedy 927,122 views 2 years ago 1 minute - When **Einstein**, shot to global fame in the early 20th century, he became arrogant and complacent. Then he turned into a monster. Do you really understand Einstein's theory of relativity? - BBC News - Do you really understand Einstein's theory of relativity? - BBC News 594,101 views 4 years ago 3 minutes, 44 seconds - Almost everyone has heard of Albert **Einstein**,, the Nobel prize-winning genius whose theories overturned centuries of scientific ...

Introduction

Gravity

Light

General Relativity

Albert Einstein - Greatest Brain of the 20th Century Documentary - Albert Einstein - Greatest Brain of the 20th Century Documentary by The People Profiles 1,697,327 views 1 year ago 1 hour, 2 minutes - The script for this video has been checked with Plagiarism software and scored 3% on Sribbr. In academia, a score of below 15% ...

Childhood

Education

Research

Marriage

Photoelectric Effect

Mass Energy Equivalence

Modern Innovations

**Einsteins Career** 

Leaving Switzerland

Moving to Berlin

The First World War

The Kaiser Wilhelm Institute

**Gravitational Waves** 

**General Relativity** 

World Travel

Quantum Debate

**Hubbles Law** 

The New Journey

Princeton

Second World War

The Manhattan Project

The Second World War

**Unified Field Theory** 

Celebrity

Academic output

Personal life

Death

Early Life

Secrets of Einstein's Brain: The Origins of the Theory of Special Relativity | History - Secrets of Einstein's Brain: The Origins of the Theory of Special Relativity | History by HISTORY 381,125 views 8 years ago 1 minute, 51 seconds - Find out how a daydream of riding on a beam of light eventually led to **Einstein's**, theory of special **relativity**, in this scene.

BOMBSHELL: House Republicans get the news they've been dreading - BOMBSHELL: House Republicans get the news they've been dreading by Brian Tyler Cohen 23,843 views 19 minutes ago 5 minutes, 46 seconds - BOMBSHELL: House Republicans get the news they've been dreading To tell the NY AG to seize ALL of Trump's assets, sign ...

Discovery That Changed Physics! Gravity is NOT a Force! - Discovery That Changed Physics! Gravity is NOT a Force! by Destiny 1,979,843 views 1 year ago 11 minutes, 16 seconds - Gravity is one of the four fundamental forces of nature in the Universe. But of the four forces of nature, it stands alone as different.

THE SHORTEST

DAVID SCOTT NASA ASTRONAUT

WARPED SPACE-TIME

The "afterlife" according to Einstein's special relativity | Sabine Hossenfelder - The "afterlife" according to Einstein's special relativity | Sabine Hossenfelder by Big Think 2,060,753 views 10 months ago 9 minutes, 42 seconds - Sabine Hossenfelder discusses the physics of... dead grandmothers? Subscribe to Big Think on YouTube ...

Is your dead grandma still alive?

Before Einstein... and after

Relativity of simultaneity, explained

Spacetime and the 'block universe'

Eternal existence: The conservation of quantum information

"I know it sounds crazy, but..."

Unifying Nature's Laws: The State of String Theory - Unifying Nature's Laws: The State of String Theory by World Science Festival 307,178 views 2 months ago 1 hour, 29 minutes - Einstein, dreamed of a unified theory of nature's laws. String theory has long promised to deliver it: a mathematically elegant ...

Introduction

Participant introductions

Lord Kelvin and the end of physics

Einstein's Special Theory of Relativity

What is Quantum Field Theory?

1984 and the String Theory breakthrough

Understanding the strong nuclear force

Summary of String theory through time

Where are we now in the journey of String Theory?

Can String Theory give incite on Black Holes and the Big Bang?

Has String Theory inspired breakthroughs in mathematics?

Anti De sitter space / conformal field theory

Has thinking changed by what has been found through String Theory?

Final thoughts on the current state of String Theory

Gravity Visualized - Gravity Visualized by apbiolghs 138,584,770 views 12 years ago 9 minutes, 58 seconds - Help Keep PTSOS Going, Click Here: https://www.gofundme.com/ptsos Dan Burns explains his space-time warping demo at a ...

How Albert Einstein's Brain was different from other Human beings? - How Albert Einstein's Brain was different from other Human beings? by Bright Ai 1,690,236 views 11 months ago 6 minutes, 41 seconds - How Albert **Einstein**, Brain was different and advance from everyone? And where it is now? Like, share, comment and subscribe.

Einstein's Theory of Relativity Made Easy! - Einstein's Theory of Relativity Made Easy! by Insane Curiosity 169,441 views 3 years ago 13 minutes, 24 seconds - So where do we start with something as big and as complicated as the Theory of **Relativity**,? I'm sure some of you wouldn't even ...

The Theory of Relativity

Albert Einstein

The Three Laws of Motion by Sir Isaac Newton

Time Dilation

Does the Past Still Exist? - Does the Past Still Exist? by Sabine Hossenfelder 5,126,234 views 1 year ago 16 minutes - Albert **Einstein**, taught us that space and time belong together to a common entity: space-time. This means that time becomes a ...

Intro

Space-time

Space-time diagrams

Special Relativity

The Relativity of Simultaneity

The Block Universe

The if's and but's

Sponsor Message

What Made Albert Einstein A Genius? - What Made Albert Einstein A Genius? by Mr Scientific 17,236,660 views 5 years ago 3 minutes, 22 seconds - Before death **Einstein**, asked not to conduct research on his body he wanted his body to be cremated and ashes scattered secretly.

Simplest Explanation of  $E=MC^2$  for Beginners | E=mc2 explained - Simplest Explanation of  $E=MC^2$  for Beginners | E=mc2 explained by Klonusk 437,042 views 2 years ago 9 minutes - E=mc2 Explanation: The equation E=mc2 means "energy equals mass times the speed of light squared." It shows that energy (E) ...

Most Popular Scientific Equation

Michael Faraday

Simple Relativity - Understanding Einstein's Special Theory of Relativity - Simple Relativity - Understanding Einstein's Special Theory of Relativity by Vinit Masram 4,923,142 views 9 years ago 5 minutes, 56 seconds - Simple **Relativity**, is a 2D short educational animation film. The film is an attempt to explain Albert **Einstein's**, Special Theory of ...

The Einstein Revolution | HarvardX on edX | Course About Video - The Einstein Revolution | HarvardX on edX | Course About Video by edX 10,112 views 9 years ago 2 minutes, 57 seconds - The **Einstein Revolution**, Traces Albert **Einstein's**, engagement with **relativity**, quantum mechanics, Nazism,

nuclear weapons, ...

How Einstein Thought of the Theory of Relativity - How Einstein Thought of the Theory of Relativity by Beeyond Ideas 1,367,890 views 2 years ago 9 minutes, 5 seconds - In 1895, a 16-year-old boy imagined himself chasing a beam of light. This thought eventually changed the world forever. So how ...

Intro

Isaac Newton

Albert Einstein

**Gravitational Lensing** 

Photoelectric Effect: History of Einstein's Revolutionary View of Light - Photoelectric Effect: History of Einstein's Revolutionary View of Light by Kathy Loves Physics & History 156,561 views 4 years ago 16 minutes - Photoelectric effect equation is important because **Einstein**, derived it from a **revolutionary**, view of light. This is the story of how ...

Einstein and The Special Theory of Relativity - Einstein and The Special Theory of Relativity by minutephysics 1,716,031 views 12 years ago 1 minute, 50 seconds - How **Einstein**, (& others) discovered Special **Relativity**,. Pi day (3.14) is Albert **Einstein's**, Birthday! To celebrate, we'll explain 4 of his ...

Einstein's Universe: Understand Theory of General Relativity - Einstein's Universe: Understand Theory of General Relativity by Best Documentary 497,663 views 10 months ago 1 hour, 57 minutes - A documentary produced in 1979 by WGBH and the BBC to celebrate the centenary of the birth of Albert **Einstein**,. Narrated and ...

Albert Einstein Explains Theory of Relativity | Albert Einstein Real Video | Colour Footage - Albert Einstein Explains Theory of Relativity | Albert Einstein Real Video | Colour Footage by Scientific Sir 5,550,541 views 2 years ago 1 minute, 49 seconds - Albert **Einstein**, Explains Theory of **Relativity**, | Albert **Einstein**, Real Video | Colour Footage In this video, Albert **Einstein**, is ...

It followed from the special theory of relativity

a somewhat unfamiliar conception

in which energy is put equal to mass

multiplied with the square of the velocity of light

in 1932, experimentally

The Secret Life of Albert Einstein - The Secret Life of Albert Einstein by Newsthink 2,614,211 views 2 years ago 16 minutes - Uncovering little-known facts about the famous scientist. The first 1000 people to use this link will get a 1 month FREE trial of ...

Einstein at Swiss Patent Office in Bern: IGI

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Blackhole photo courtesy of Dan Wilkins

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The Mütter Museum of The College of Physicians of Philadelphia

Einstein's General Theory of Relativity | Lecture 1 - Einstein's General Theory of Relativity | Lecture 1 by Stanford 7,068,541 views 15 years ago 1 hour, 38 minutes - Lecture 1 of Leonard Susskind's Modern Physics concentrating on General **Relativity**,. Recorded September 22, 2008 at Stanford ...

**Newton's Equations** 

Inertial Frame of Reference

The Basic Newtonian Equation

**Newtonian Equation** 

Acceleration

Newton's First and Second Law

The Equivalence Principle

Equivalence Principle

Newton's Theory of Gravity Newton's Theory of Gravity Experiments
Newton's Third Law the Forces Are Equal and Opposite Angular Frequency
Kepler's Second Law
Electrostatic Force Laws
Tidal Forces

Uniform Acceleration

The Minus Sign There Look As Far as the Minus Sign Goes all It Means Is that every One of these Particles Is Pulling on this Particle toward It as Opposed to Pushing Away from It It's Just a Convention Which Keeps Track of Attraction Instead of Repulsion Yeah for the for the Ice Master That's My Word You Want To Make Sense but if You Can Look at It as a Kind of an in Samba Wasn't about a Linear Conic Component to It because the Ice Guy Affects the Jade Guy and Then Put You Compute the Jade Guy When You Take It Yeah Now What this What this Formula Is for Is Supposing You Know the Positions or All the Others You Know that Then What Is the Force on the One

This Extra Particle Which May Be Imaginary Is Called a Test Particle It's the Thing That You'Re Imagining Testing Out the Gravitational Field with You Take a Light Little Particle and You Put It Here and You See How It Accelerates Knowing How It Accelerates Tells You How Much Force Is on It in Fact It Just Tells You How It Accelerates and You Can Go Around and Imagine Putting It in Different Places and Mapping Out the Force Field That's on that Particle or the Acceleration

It's the Thing That You'Re Imagining Testing Out the Gravitational Field with You Take a Light Little Particle and You Put It Here and You See How It Accelerates Knowing How It Accelerates Tells You How Much Force Is on It in Fact It Just Tells You How It Accelerates and You Can Go Around and Imagine Putting It in Different Places and Mapping Out the Force Field That's on that Particle or the Acceleration Field since We Already Know that the Force Is Proportional to the Mass Then We Can Just Concentrate on the Acceleration

And You Can Go Around and Imagine Putting It in Different Places and Mapping Out the Force Field That's on that Particle or the Acceleration Field since We Already Know that the Force Is Proportional to the Mass Then We Can Just Concentrate on the Acceleration the Acceleration all Particles Will Have the Same Acceleration Independent of the Mass so We Don't Even Have To Know What the Mass of the Particle Is We Put Something over There a Little Bit of Dust and We See How It Accelerates Acceleration Is a Vector and So We Map Out in Space the Acceleration of a Particle at every Point in Space either Imaginary or Real Particle

And We See How It Accelerates Acceleration Is a Vector and So We Map Out in Space the Acceleration of a Particle at every Point in Space either Imaginary or Real Particle and that Gives Us a Vector Field at every Point in Space every Point in Space There Is a Gravitational Field of Acceleration It Can Be Thought of as the Acceleration You Don't Have To Think of It as Force Acceleration the Acceleration of a Point Mass Located at that Position It's a Vector It Has a Direction It Has a Magnitude and It's a Function of Position so We Just Give It a Name the Acceleration due to All the Gravitating Objects

If Everything Is in Motion the Gravitational Field Will Also Depend on Time We Can Even Work Out What It Is We Know What the Force on the Earth Particle Is All Right the Force on a Particle Is the Mass Times the Acceleration So if We Want To Find the Acceleration Let's Take the Ayth Particle To Be the Test Particle Little Eye Represents the Test Particle over Here Let's Erase the Intermediate Step Over Here and Write that this Is in Ai Times Ai but Let Me Call It Now Capital a the Acceleration of a Particle at Position X

And that's the Way I'M GonNa Use It Well for the Moment It's Just an Arbitrary Vector Field a It Depends on Position When I Say It's a Field the Implication Is that It Depends on Position Now I Probably Made It Completely Unreadable a of X Varies from Point to Point and I Want To Define a Concept Called the Divergence of the Field Now It's Called the Divergence because One Has To Do Is the Way the Field Is Spreading Out Away from a Point for Example a Characteristic Situation Where We Would Have a Strong Divergence for a Field Is if the Field Was Spreading Out from a Point like that the Field Is Diverging Away from the Point Incidentally if the Field Is Pointing Inward The Field Is the Same Everywhere as in Space What Does that Mean that Would Mean the Field That Has both Not Only the Same Magnitude but the Same Direction Everywhere Is in Space Then It Just Points in the Same Direction Everywhere Else with the Same Magnitude It Certainly Has no Tendency To Spread Out When Does a Field Have a Tendency To Spread Out When the Field Varies for Example It Could Be Small over Here Growing Bigger Growing Bigger Growing Bigger and We Might Even Go in the Opposite Direction and Discover that It's in the Opposite Direction and Getting

Bigger in that Direction Then Clearly There's a Tendency for the Field To Spread Out Away from the Center Here the Same Thing Could Be True if It Were Varying in the Vertical

It Certainly Has no Tendency To Spread Out When Does a Field Have a Tendency To Spread Out When the Field Varies for Example It Could Be Small over Here Growing Bigger Growing Bigger Growing Bigger and We Might Even Go in the Opposite Direction and Discover that It's in the Opposite Direction and Getting Bigger in that Direction Then Clearly There's a Tendency for the Field To Spread Out Away from the Center Here the Same Thing Could Be True if It Were Varying in the Vertical Direction or Who Are Varying in the Other Horizontal Direction and So the Divergence Whatever It Is Has To Do with Derivatives of the Components of the Field

If You Found the Water Was Spreading Out Away from a Line this Way Here and this Way Here Then You'D Be Pretty Sure that some Water Was Being Pumped In from Underneath along this Line Here Well You Would See It another Way You Would Discover that the X Component of the Velocity Has a Derivative It's Different over Here than It Is over Here the X Component of the Velocity Varies along the X Direction so the Fact that the X Component of the Velocity Is Varying along the Direction There's an Indication that There's some Water Being Pumped in Here Likewise

You Can See the In and out the in Arrow and the Arrow of a Circle Right in between those Two and Let's Say that's the Bigger Arrow Is Created by a Steeper Slope of the Street It's Just Faster It's Going Fast It's Going Okay and because of that There's a Divergence There That's Basically It's Sort of the Difference between that's Right that's Right if We Drew a Circle around Here or We Would See that More since the Water Was Moving Faster over Here than It Is over Here More Water Is Flowing Out over Here Then It's Coming in Over Here

It's Just Faster It's Going Fast It's Going Okay and because of that There's a Divergence There That's Basically It's Sort of the Difference between that's Right that's Right if We Drew a Circle around Here or We Would See that More since the Water Was Moving Faster over Here than It Is over Here More Water Is Flowing Out over Here Then It's Coming In over Here Where Is It Coming from It Must Be Pumped in the Fact that There's More Water Flowing Out on One Side Then It's Coming In from the Other Side Must Indicate that There's a Net Inflow from Somewheres Else and the Somewheres Else Would Be from the Pump in Water from Underneath

Water Is an Incompressible Fluid It Can't Be Squeezed It Can't Be Stretched Then the Velocity Vector Would Be the Right Thing To Think about Them Yeah but You Could Have no You'Re Right You Could Have a Velocity Vector Having a Divergence because the Water Is Not because Water Is Flowing in but because It's Thinning Out Yeah that's that's Also Possible Okay but Let's Keep It Simple All Right and You Can Have the Idea of a Divergence Makes Sense in Three Dimensions Just As Well as Two Dimensions You Simply Have To Imagine that all of Space Is Filled with Water and There Are some Hidden Pipes Coming in Depositing Water in Different Places

Having a Divergence because the Water Is Not because Water Is Flowing in but because It's Thinning Out Yeah that's that's Also Possible Okay but Let's Keep It Simple All Right and You Can Have the Idea of a Divergence Makes Sense in Three Dimensions Just As Well as Two Dimensions You Simply Have To Imagine that all of Space Is Filled with Water and There Are some Hidden Pipes Coming in Depositing Water in Different Places so that It's Spreading Out Away from Points in Three-Dimensional Space in Three-Dimensional Space this Is the Expression for the Divergence All Right and You Can Have the Idea of a Divergence Makes Sense in Three Dimensions Just As Well as Two Dimensions You Simply Have To Imagine that all of Space Is Filled with Water and There Are some Hidden Pipes Coming in Depositing Water in Different Places so that It's Spreading Out Away from Points in Three-Dimensional Space in Three-Dimensional Space this Is the Expression for the Divergence if this Were the Velocity Vector at every Point You Would Calculate this Quantity and that Would Tell You How Much New Water Is Coming In at each Point of Space so that's the Divergence Now There's a Theorem Which

The Divergence Could Be Over Here Could Be Over Here Could Be Over Here in Fact any Ways Where There's a Divergence Will Cause an Effect in Which Water Will Flow out of this Region Yeah so There's a Connection There's a Connection between What's Going On on the Boundary of this Region How Much Water Is Flowing through the Boundary on the One Hand and What the Divergence Is in the Interior the Connection between the Two and that Connection Is Called Gauss's Theorem What It Says Is that the Integral of the Divergence in the Interior That's the Total Amount of Flow Coming In from Outside from underneath the Bottom of the Lake

The Connection between the Two and that Connection Is Called Gauss's Theorem What It Says Is that the Integral of the Divergence in the Interior That's the Total Amount of Flow Coming In from Outside from underneath the Bottom of the Lake the Total Integrated and Now by Integrated I Mean in the Sense of an Integral the Integrated Amount of Flow in that's the Integral of the Divergence

the Integral over the Interior in the Three-Dimensional Case It Would Be Integral Dx Dy Dz over the Interior of this Region of the Divergence of a

The Integral over the Interior in the Three-Dimensional Case It Would Be Integral Dx Dy Dz over the Interior of this Region of the Divergence of a if You Like To Think of a Is the Velocity Field That's Fine Is Equal to the Total Amount of Flow That's Going Out through the Boundary and How Do We Write that the Total Amount of Flow That's Flowing Outward through the Boundary We Break Up Let's Take the Three-Dimensional Case We Break Up the Boundary into Little Cells each Little Cell Is a Little Area

So We Integrate the Perpendicular Component of the Flow over the Surface That's through the Sigma Here That Gives Us the Total Amount of Fluid Coming Out per Unit Time for Example and that Has To Be the Amount of Fluid That's Being Generated in the Interior by the Divergence this Is Gauss's Theorem the Relationship between the Integral of the Divergence on the Interior of some Region and the Integral over the Boundary Where Where It's Measuring the Flux the Amount of Stuff That's Coming Out through the Boundary Fundamental Theorem and Let's Let's See What It Says Now And Now Let's See Can We Figure Out What the Field Is Elsewhere outside of Here So What We Do Is We Draw a Surface Around There We Draw a Surface Around There and Now We'Re Going To Use Gauss's Theorem First of all Let's Look at the Left Side the Left Side Has the Integral of the Divergence of the Vector Field All Right the Vector Field or the Divergence Is Completely Restricted to some Finite Sphere in Here What Is Incidentally for the Flow Case for the Fluid Flow Case What Would Be the Integral of the Divergence Does Anybody Know if It Really Was a Flue or a Flow of a Fluid

So What We Do Is We Draw a Surface Around There We Draw a Surface Around There and Now We'Re Going To Use Gauss's Theorem First of all Let's Look at the Left Side the Left Side Has the Integral of the Divergence of the Vector Field All Right the Vector Field or the Divergence Is Completely Restricted to some Finite Sphere in Here What Is Incidentally for the Flow Case for the Fluid Flow Case What Would Be the Integral of the Divergence Does Anybody Know if It Really Was a Flue or a Flow of a Fluid It'LI Be the Total Amount of Fluid That Was Flowing

Why because the Integral over that There Vergence of a Is Entirely Concentrated in this Region Here and There's Zero Divergence on the Outside So First of All the Left Hand Side Is Independent of the Radius of this Outer Sphere As Long as the Radius of the Outer Sphere Is Bigger than this Concentration of Divergence Iya so It's a Number Altogether It's a Number Let's Call that Number M I'M Not Evan Let's Just Qq That's the Left Hand Side and It Doesn't Depend on the Radius on the Other Hand What Is the Right Hand Side Well There's a Flow Going Out and if Everything Is Nice and Spherically Symmetric Then the Flow Is Going To Go Radially Outward

So a Point Mass Can Be Thought of as a Concentrated Divergence of the Gravitational Field Right at the Center Point Mass the Literal Point Mass Can Be Thought of as a Concentrated Concentrated Divergence of the Gravitational Field Concentrated in some Very Very Small Little Volume Think of It if You like You Can Think of the Gravitational Field as the Flow Field or the Velocity Field of a Fluid That's Spreading Out Oh Incidentally of Course I'Ve Got the Sign Wrong Here the Real Gravitational Acceleration Points Inward Which Is an Indication that this Divergence Is Negative the Divergence Is More like a Convergence Sucking Fluid in So the Newtonian Gravitational

Or There It's a Spread Out Mass this Big As Long as You'Re outside the Object and As Long as the Object Is Spherically Symmetric in Other Words As Long as the Object Is Shaped like a Sphere and You'Re outside of It on the Outside of It outside of Where the Mass Distribution Is Then the Gravitational Field of It Doesn't Depend on whether It's a Point It's a Spread Out Object whether It's Denser at the Center and Less Dense at the Outside Less Dense in the Inside More Dense on the Outside all It Depends on Is the Total Amount of Mass the Total Amount of Flow

Whether It's Denser at the Center and Less Dense at the Outside Less Dense in the Inside More Dense on the Outside all It Depends on Is the Total Amount of Mass the Total Amount of Mass Is like the Total Amount of Flow through Coming into the that Theorem Is Very Fundamental and Important to Thinking about Gravity for Example Supposing We Are Interested in the Motion of an Object near the Surface of the Earth but Not So near that We Can Make the Flat Space Approximation Let's Say at a Distance Two or Three or One and a Half Times the Radius of the Earth

It's Close to this Point that's Far from this Point That Sounds like a Hellish Problem To Figure Out What the Gravitational Effect on this Point Is but Know this Tells You the Gravitational Field Is Exactly the Same as if the Same Total Mass Was Concentrated Right at the Center Okay That's Newton's Theorem Then It's Marvelous Theorem It's a Great Piece of Luck for Him because without It He Couldn't Have Couldn't Have Solved His Equations He Knew He Meant but It May Have Been

Essentially this Argument I'M Not Sure Exactly What Argument He Made but He Knew that with the 1 over R Squared Force Law and Only the One over R Squared Force Law Wouldn't Have Been Truth Was One of Our Cubes 1 over R to the Fourth 1 over R to the 7th

But He Knew that with the 1 over R Squared Force Law and Only the One over R Squared Force Law Wouldn't Have Been Truth Was One of Our Cubes 1 over R to the Fourth 1 over R to the 7th with the 1 over R Squared Force Law a Spherical Distribution of Mass Behaves Exactly as if All the Mass Was Concentrated Right at the Center As Long as You'Re outside the Mass so that's What Made It Possible for Newton To To Easily Solve His Own Equations That every Object As Long as It's Spherical Shape Behaves as if It Were Appoint Appointments

But Yes We Can Work Out What Would Happen in the Mine Shaft but that's Right It Doesn't Hold It a Mine Shaft for Example Supposing You Dig a Mine Shaft Right Down through the Center of the Earth Okay and Now You Get Very Close to the Center of the Earth How Much Force Do You Expect that We Have Pulling You toward the Center Not Much Certainly Much Less than if You Were than if All the Mass Will Concentrate a Right at the Center You Got the It's Not Even Obvious Which Way the Force Is but It Is toward the Center

So the Consequence Is that if You Made a Spherical Shell of Material like that the Interior Would Be Absolutely Identical to What It What It Would Be if There Was no Gravitating Material There At All on the Other Hand on the Outside You Would Have a Field Which Would Be Absolutely Identical to What Happens at the Center Now There Is an Analogue of this in the General Theory of Relativity We'LI Get to It Basically What It Says Is the Field of Anything As Long as It's Fairly Symmetric on the Outside Looks Identical to the Field of a Black Hole I Think We'Re Finished for Tonight Go over Divergence and All those Gauss's Theorem Gauss's Theorem Is Central

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