

Ranching And Enterprise In Eastern Botswana A Case Study Of Black And White Farmers 1st Edition

[#Ranching Botswana](#) [#Agricultural Enterprise Africa](#) [#Eastern Botswana Farmers](#) [#Comparative Farming Study](#) [#Rural Development Botswana](#)

This seminal 1st Edition case study provides an in-depth exploration of ranching and enterprise in Eastern Botswana, offering a unique comparative analysis between the operational strategies, challenges, and successes of black and white farmers. It delves into the socio-economic dynamics, land use patterns, and agricultural practices shaping the region, making it an essential resource for understanding rural livelihoods and development in Southern Africa.

Each note is structured to summarize important concepts clearly and concisely.

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Ranching & Enterprise in Eastern Botswana

While Botswana's economic development has been extraordinary, little is known about how different social groups have adapted to the new economic opportunities. This comprehensive account studies a key group of the new entrepreneurs - the ranchers. It describes their changing lifestyles, their construction of personal and social space, and the way they have adapted to state-initiated political and economic change, showing through a series of case studies how ranching has grown from being the preserve of white settlers to include Botswana and other African farmers as well. The relationship between ranching and communal land tenure, and the effect of Botswana's Tribal Land Grazing Policy are analysed in detail, while the careers of non-elites, the practice of bordermanship, labour relations and the management of multiple enterprises and risks are also covered.

Food Systems Under Stress

In this book, the difficult problems of agriculture in sub-Saharan Africa are examined by the farming systems approach, which aims to improve food production under adverse conditions through agronomic and social science research conducted on the farm. Particular attention is paid to household decision-making processes that affect the way households

The Enterprise of Ranching in the Tuli Block

Interdisciplinary research study of land tenure, the agricultural economy, and the transition from subsistence farming to commercial farming in the buganda region of presentday Uganda - includes the results of a field study of farms and farmers in six counties, covers social status and cultural factors, the labour supply of rural workers, agricultural management, etc., and summarizes the research methodology. Bibliography pp. 323 to 329, maps and statistical tables.

Livestock Development and Pastoral Production on Communal Rangeland in Botswana

Racist policies throughout southern Africa consciously drove African farmers off their land during the first half of the 20th century and forced them to become labourers on white farms. This set of essays explore various aspects of the lives and experiences of these black farm workers.

Livestock Development and Pastoral Production on Communal Rangeland in Botswana

Explores the outer margins of postcolonial culture, state and economy. This fieldwork-rich study focuses on the flue-cured tobacco farms that produce Zimbabwe's number one export. Building on Foucault's concept of "government\

Joint Acquisitions List of Africana

At the end of Apartheid in 1994, about 82 million hectares of commercial farmland (86% of all farmland) was in the hands of the white minority. Over thirteen million black people lived in crowded former homelands under extreme poverty. Since 1994, the Government of South Africa has initiated several land reform programs in order to address the racial imbalance in land holding and secure the land rights of historically disadvantaged people. This review of experiences of supporting emerging historically disadvantaged farmers examines the implementation of the land reform policy and its support programs and documents several cases of support to emerging farmers. Best practices are synthesized from the review and compared with international best practice experiences.--Publisher's description.

Understanding Africa's Rural Households And Farming Systems

In the Ankole region the overriding concern since the colonial period has been the commercialization of livestock production through the introduction of commercial ranching. The lack of success in this endeavor is due not only to the political and economic crises over the years, but to a failure to understand the underlying bottlenecks faced by the various categories of cattle keepers. In pastoral Karamoja the proliferation of firearms has had a profound impact on the organization of herd management. The inherent military organization of the herding cooperatives forced the Ngakarimojong people to adapt not only to changes in their physical environment but also to regional factors. This study examines the two issues that figure large in contemporary Ugandan agricultural and political studies -- ranching and pastoral institutions where the cattle move with seasons and droughts.

African Farm Management

Is Africa's future necessarily rooted in peasant agriculture? This book challenges the view that Africa is the world's reserve for peasant farming, exploring how African rural populations are moving away from reliance on agriculture and Africa's place in the world division of labour.

White Farmers in Rhodesia, 1890–1965

First Published in 2009. Routledge is an imprint of Taylor & Francis, an informa company.

Subsistence to Commercial Farming in Present-Day Buganda

First published in 1997, this volume asks whether Africa's future is necessarily rooted in peasant agriculture. The title of this book, Farewell to Farms, is deliberately intended to challenge the widely held view that Africa is the world's reserve for peasant farming. African rural populations are themselves moving away from a reliance on agriculture. 'De-agrarianisation' takes the form of urban migration as well as the expansion of non-agricultural activities in rural areas providing new income sources, occupations and social identities for rural dwellers. Using recent continent-wide case study evidence, the authors assess the impact of de-agrarianisation on household welfare, business performance and national development. Their findings, which reveal new economic trajectories and social patterns emerging from a period of accelerated change, call into question assumptions about Africa's future place in the world division of labour.

Whitaker's Books in Print

Crop production in the drought-prone tropics has been relatively neglected by research and development workers, largely due to its poor potential for commercial exploitation. Despite this, a considerable amount of information is available on this subject, but there have been few attempts to draw it together and to relate it to the needs of subsistence and small farmers, and to the particular set of constraints under which they labour.

Case Studies of Emerging Farmers and Agribusinesses in South Africa

This book embodies work stretching over a fifteen year period. As a result inevitably we are greatly indebted to a number of institutions and a large number of individuals. Over the years considerable

administrative and financial help was provided by the Institute for Agricultural Research, Ahmadu Bello University, the Ministries of Agriculture and Natural Resources in the northern states of Nigeria, the Ford Foundation, and more recently, Kansas State University.

White Farming

Conclusion.

Agricultural Intensification and Efficiency in the West African Savannahs

"This book reveals complex agricultural methods and dynamic farming strategies which evolved long before colonial intervention or recent development projects. These indigenous systems created spectacular landscapes, with terrace walls to conserve the soil and hill-furrow irrigation to supplement low or seasonal rainfall, thus allowing intensive exploitation of all usable land. Mulch or animal manure were applied to boost fertility on regularly planted fields. Labour, communal tasks and the allocation of land and water required social organization and the use of sanctions."--BOOK JACKET.Title Summary field provided by Blackwell North America, Inc. All Rights Reserved

White Farms, Black Labor

Overview; Aspects of production and marketinf; Development projects and experiences; Approach for the future.

Elitist Involvement in Agriculture in West Africa

At least fifty years of projects aimed at the rural poor in Africa have had very little impact. Up to half of the children of these countries are still suffering from stunting and malnutrition. Soil degradation and poor crop yields are ubiquitous. Projects are almost always aimed at helping local people to solve their problems by growing for the market. In some countries, projects link poor villagers into cooperatives to produce a commercial output. In other countries, projects target more competent entrepreneurial villagers. Almost all these projects fail after several years. Even those that are successful make few inroads into the problems. While the slogan 'feeding the farmers first' comes from the Philippines, it is particularly applicable to much of Africa, where household food security can come from household production. This book explains how projects can be designed that increase food security through subsistence production. Focusing on particular people and projects, it gives a sociological analysis of why this is so difficult to manage. This book challenges the models promoted by academics in the field of development studies and argues against the strategies adopted by most donor organizations and government bodies. It explains why commercial projects have been so ubiquitous even though they rarely work. It gives practical tips on how to set up villages and farms to achieve sustainable solutions that also provide plenty of nutritious food. The book is written to be accessible and engaging. For anyone planning to work in the rural areas of Africa, this book is required reading.

Working on the Margins

A Review of Experiences of Establishing Emerging Farmers in South Africa