

Gebhardt Handbuch Der Deutschen Geschichte Band 1

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This book provides a detailed introduction to how the Lander (the 16 states of Germany) function not only within the country itself but also within the wider context of European political affairs. Some knowledge of the role of the Lander is essential to an understanding of the political system as well as of German federalism. This book traces the origin of the Lander. It looks at their place in the constitutional order of the country and the political and administrative system. Their organization and administration are fully covered, as is their financing. Parties and elections in the Lander and the controversial roles of parliaments and deputies are also examined.

Grundlagen und Anfänge, Deutschland bis 1056

Chapter nine 1204: the failure of alternatives -- chapter ten Defining society: gender and community in late medieval Europe -- chapter eleven Money, war and death, 1350-1500 -- chapter twelve Rethinking politics, 1350-1500 -- chapter thirteen Conclusion -- Notes -- Bibliography -- Index

Handbuch der deutschen Geschichte

/04), zeigt Band 1 überzeugend, wie sich aufgrund neuer Forschung und moderner Sichtweise der Zugriff auf die deutsche Geschichte gewandelt hat. Die hier vorgestellten "Perspektiven deutscher Geschichte während des Mittelalters" und die "Europäischen Grundlagen deutscher Geschichte (4.8. Jahrhundert) machen deutlich, dass den letzten 30 Jahren ein Wandel von der einseitig national orientierten Geschichtsauffassung zu einer offeneren Sicht vollzogen wurde. Der Beginn der deutschen Geschichte wird differenziert gesehen, nicht mehr aus den völkischstammesgeschichtlichen Vorstellungen, sondern aus den räumlichen und machtpolitischen Gegebenheiten heraus. Stärker als früher wird die Kontinuität der spätantiken und christlichen Traditionen betont, auch die Rolle keltischer, ger-

manischer und slawischer Stämme auf späterem deutschen Territorium gleichermaßen herausgestellt. Der Band fasst die Forschung zusammen und bietet eine gründliche Einführung in die Materie. Zur Fortsetzung. (2 A S)

The Lander and German Federalism

"This book is a translation of historian Carlo Ginzburg's latest collection of essays. Through the detective work of uncovering a wide variety of stories or microhistories from fragments, Ginzburg takes on the bigger questions: How do we draw the line between truth and fiction? What is the relationship between history and memory? Stories range from medieval Europe, the inquisitional trial of a witch, seventeenth-century antiquarianism, and twentieth-century historians"--Provided by publisher.

Medieval Europe

This well-written and comprehensive book by an outstanding expert provides students of history and the general reader with reliable, up-to-date information on an essential part of the history of mankind. It deals with the discoveries; with Portuguese, Dutch, and English trade systems in Asia; with the Spanish, Portuguese, Dutch, French, and British Colonies in America; the American plantation economy and the trade in African slaves; with settler colonies in the southern hemisphere; with US, Russian, and Chinese continental imperialism; with Western colonial rule in Asia and Africa; and the several waves of decolonization between 1775 and 1989. Twenty-four maps illustrate the narrative. A useful teaching text, it combines traditional and more recent perspectives to produce a final balance sheet of Western colonialism and its global heritage. A carefully selected bibliography encourages further reading.

Handbuch der deutschen Geschichte

Sport and physical education represent important components of German national life, from school and community participation, to elite, international level sport. This unique and comprehensive collection brings together material from leading German scholars to examine the role of sport and PE in Germany from a range of historical and contemporary perspectives. Key topics include: * sport and PE in pre-war, post war and re-unified Germany * sport and PE in schools * coach education * elite sport and sport science * women and sport * sport and recreation facilities. This book offers an illuminating insight into how sport and PE have helped to shape Germany. It represents fascinating reading for anyone with an interest in the history and sociology of sport, and those working in German studies.

Threads and Traces

Redefines the role assigned education in the history of monasticism, by re-situating monasticism in the history of education.

A Short History of Colonialism

This volume brings together 29 new essays by leading international scholars, to provide an inclusive overview of recent work in Reformation history. Presents Catholic Renewal as a continuum of the Protestant Reformation. Examines Reformation in Eastern and Western Europe, Asia and the Americas. Takes a broad, inclusive approach – covering both traditional topics and cutting-edge areas of debate.

Sport and Physical Education in Germany

Exploring two large economies which were heavily affected by deindustrialisation in the late twentieth century, this book provides insights into the social movements that brought about and also challenged industrial reduction in Europe. Both the Ruhr region in Germany and the Northwest of Italy experienced major structural transformation from the 1960s as a result of deindustrialisation. With contributions from experts in the field, this collection provides a comparative overview of each region, examining policy implementation, class relations, the changing political economy and environmental impact. Analysing industrial and post-industrial landscapes, urban developments and labour relations, the authors place their transnational findings within the context of the wider literature on deindustrialisation in the global North. A much-needed contribution to deindustrialisation studies, which have traditionally focused on North America and the UK, this book is a useful read for those researching deindustrialisation and the social history of Europe. Stefan Berger is Professor of Social History and Director of the Institute for Social Movements at Ruhr University Bochum, Germany. He is executive chair at the Foundation

History of the Ruhr and an Honorary Professor at Cardiff University in the UK. He co-edits, with Holger Nehring, *Palgrave Studies in the History of Social Movements*, and has published widely on comparative labour history, deindustrialisation studies, industrial heritage, historiography and nationalism. Stefano Musso is Associate Professor in the Department of Historical Studies at the University of Turin, Italy. He was general manager of the Institute for the Memory and Culture of Labour, Business, and Social Rights in Turin and President of the Italian Society for the History of Labour. He is a member of the editorial board of several Italian historical journals. Among his many publications on labour and business history is *Storia del Lavoro in Italia* (2015). Christian Wicke is Assistant Professor in Political History at Utrecht University, the Netherlands. He has worked in nationalism studies, deindustrialisation studies, and social movement studies and is particularly interested in the politics of history, memory and heritage, currently focussing on urban movements in the 1970s. With Stefan Berger and Sean Scalmer he recently edited *Remembering Social Movements: Activism and Memory* (2021).

Monastic Education in Late Antiquity

Provides a guide to the extensive literature on the war in the East, including largely unknown Soviet writing on the subject. Sections on policy and strategy, the military campaign, the ideologically motivated war of annihilation in the East, the occupation, and coming to terms with the results of the war offer a wealth of bibliographic citations, and include introductions detailing history of the period and related issues. For military historians, and for scholars who approach this period in history from a socio-economic or cultural perspective. No index. Annotation copyrighted by Book News, Inc., Portland, OR

Handbuch der deutschen Geschichte

The Principle of Reason, the text of an important and influential lecture course that Martin Heidegger gave in 1955–56, takes as its focal point Leibniz's principle: nothing is without reason. Heidegger shows here that the principle of reason is in fact a principle of being. Much of his discussion is aimed at bringing his readers to the "leap of thinking," which enables them to grasp the principle of reason as a principle of being. This text presents Heidegger's most extensive reflection on the notion of history and its essence, the *Geschick* of being, which is considered one of the most important developments in Heidegger's later thought. One of Heidegger's most artfully composed texts, it also contains important discussions of language, translation, reason, objectivity, and technology as well as remarkable readings of Leibniz, Kant, Aristotle, and Goethe, among others.

A Companion to the Reformation World

The masterfully told story of what happened in Germany following its defeat in the first world war: the Kaiser's exit from the stage, the sailors' mutiny, the spreading of the revolution and its betrayal by its own chosen socialist leaders. Haffner recounts the murder of Karl Liebknecht and of Rosa Luxemburg — and the deliberate creation of those relentless counter-revolutionary forces that became the nightmare of the Third Reich. More than a brilliant historical study: it has vital lessons for our own day. "Haffner's history of the revolution is unrivalled — tight, precise, passionately rational, brilliantly formulated." — *Profil/Wien* "No-one else has described and analysed the events of 1918/19 that were decisive for the century as well and as convincingly as Sebastian Haffner." — *Tagespiegel* "For Haffner, the revolution was a social-democratic revolution. That it was nevertheless ultimately suppressed bloodily by social-democratic politicians confirms Haffner's suspicion that this was a case of betrayal." — *Norddeutscher Rundfunk* (North German Radio) "Haffner's book is one of the few that breaks open previously locked doors and shines a light on dark corners of our past." — *Kölner Stadt-Anzeiger* "Sebastian Haffner's brilliant intellect clarifies contrasts and similarities in situations, motivations and deeds and describes lucidly and dramatically the main lines of the complex developments from September 1918 to January 1919." — Dieter Wunderlich "Those who know Haffner's method of making the writing of history an inspection of the past motivated by the present, will appreciate this book." — *zitty/Berlin*

Deindustrialisation in Twentieth-Century Europe

Dieses Buch ist der erste Teil einer Trilogie zur Geschichte, gegenwärtigen Krise und den Perspektiven Europas und seiner Union. Im Vordergrund stehen die Geschichte der Entstehung und Entwicklung des Kulturkreises und die Bedeutung der Migration von Menschen sowie deren Wissen und Krankheiten für diese kulturelle Evolution. Diese Geschichte beginnt mit den Neandertalern und endet mit den

Massenmigrationen zu Ende des Zweiten Weltkrieges. Die Einzigartigkeit dieser Kulturgeschichte weist auf die Zukunft Europas als soziokulturelles und politisches Modell für die Welt - als Verheißung, aber auch als Aufgabe.

Pope Eugenius IV, the Council of Basel and the Secular and Ecclesiastical Authorities in the Empire

"A historical novel based on the board game 'The Settlers of Catan.'"

Handbuch der deutschen Geschichte - Band II.

A concise history of the Holocaust, covering all the major topics and issues important to that history - the first to be written by a German (non-Jewish) scholar of the younger generation. The History of the Holocaust keeps being written and rewritten in ever greater detail, but almost always by Jewish writers and historians. Wolfgang Benz's book makes an important contribution by bringing German perspectives to that terrible event. His goal is to provide and analyse all the incontrovertible facts and political decisions that led to the dehumanisation and systematic murder of millions of Jews and other ethnic minorities during the Nazi regime. He details the laws, the events, the individuals, and the decisions from 1933 to 1945. The book concludes with a discussion of what the German people really knew. A masterpiece of historical compression, this book is a powerful introduction to the history of the Holocaust.

Hitler's War in the East, 1941-1945

This book provides the first systematic overview of German sociology today. Thirty-four chapters review current trends, relate them to international discussions and discuss perspectives for future research. The contributions span the whole range of sociological research topics, from social inequality to the sociology of body and space, addressing pressing questions in sociological theory and innovative research methods. TOC: Introduction Culture / Uta Karstein and Monika Wohlrab-Sahr Demography and Aging / François Höpflinger Economic Sociology / Andrea Maurer Education and Socialization / Matthias Grundmann Environment / Anita Engels Europe / Monika Eig Müller Family and Intimate Relationships / Dirk Konietzka, Michael Feldhaus, Michaela Kreyenfeld, and Heike Trappe (Felt) Body. Sports, Medicine, and Media / Robert Gugutzer and Claudia Peter Gender / Paula-Irene Villa and Sabine Hark Globalization and Transnationalization / Anja Weiß Global South / Eva Gerharz and Gilberto Rescher History of Sociology / Stephan Moebius Life Course / Johannes Huinink and Betina Hollstein Media and Communication / Andreas Hepp Microsociology / Rainer Schützeichel Migration / Ludger Pries Mixed-Methods and Multimethod Research / Felix Knappertsbusch, Bettina Langfeldt, and Udo Kelle Organization / Raimund Hasse Political Sociology / Jörn Lamla Qualitative Methods / Betina Hollstein and Nils C. Kumkar Quantitative Methods / Alice Barth and Jörg Blasius Religion / Matthias Koenig Science and Higher Education / Anna Kosmützky and Georg Krücken Social Inequalities Empirical Focus / Gunnar Otte, Mara Boehle, and Katharina Kunißen Social Inequalities Theoretical Focus / Thomas Schwinn Social Movements / Thomas Kern Social Networks / Roger Häußling Social Policy / Birgit Pfau-Effinger and Christopher Grages Social Problems / Günter Albrecht Social Theory / Wolfgang Ludwig Schneider Society / Uwe Schimank Space. Urban, Rural, Territorial / Martina Löw Technology and Innovation / Werner Rammert Work and Labor / Brigitte Aulenbacher and Johanna Grubner List of Contributors Index

Handbuch der deutschen Geschichte: Perspektiven deutscher Geschichte während des Mittelalters

Die Geschichte der Mediävistik ist (wie die Geschichte der Geschichtswissenschaft) von zahlreichen Kontroversen geprägt, die unterschiedliche Ursachen haben und sich, neben Deutungs- und Bewertungsdifferenzen der Quellen und Quellenberichte, vielfach in allgemeine geschichtswissenschaftliche Debatten eingliedern, hier aber durchaus mediävistische Eigenheiten aufweisen. Sie resultieren teils aus weltanschaulichen Gegensätzen, teils aus der Entwicklung der Geschichtswissenschaft mit immer wieder veränderten Perspektiven oder aus neuen Fragen, Ansätzen und Untersuchungsmethoden, aber auch aus unterschiedlicher Beurteilung des Mittelalterspezifischen und der Relevanz des Mittelalters (und der Mediävistik) für die Gegenwart. Die größeren Kontroversen sind als solche bekannt und sie reizen zur eigenen Stellungnahme, doch sind die jüngeren Debatten (etwa der letzten 50 Jahre) bisher kaum als solche im Hinblick auf ihre (zeitgemäßen) Hintergründe, Argumentationen, mediävistischen Besonderheiten oder ihre Reichweite hin untersucht und analysiert worden. In dem vorliegenden Band bieten ausgewiesene Mediävistinnen und Mediävisten aus verschiedenen Ländern anhand von nationalen und internationalen Beispielen kontroverser Themen, Teilgebiete,

Forschungsrichtungen und -ansätze einen Einblick in eine "kontroverse Mediävistik" und leisten damit zugleich einen wichtigen Beitrag zur Entwicklung, Methode und Bedeutung des Fachs.

The Principle of Reason

Explores the social interactions and pathways that enabled Christianity to travel across Asia and to India.

Failure of a Revolution: Germany 1918-1919

The Treaty of Westphalia in 1648 is widely interpreted as the foundation of modern international relations. Benno Teschke exposes this as a myth. In the process he provides a fresh re-interpretation of the making of modern international relations from the eighth to the eighteenth century. Inspired by the groundbreaking historical work of Robert Brenner, Teschke argues that social property relations provide the key to unlocking the changing meaning of international across the medieval, early modern, and modern periods. He traces how the long-term interaction of class conflict, economic development, and international rivalry effected the formation of the modern system of states. Yet instead of identifying a breakthrough to interstate modernity in the so-called long sixteenth century or in the period of intensified geopolitical competition during the seventeenth century, Teschke shows that geopolitics remained governed by dynastic and absolutist political communities, rooted in feudal property regimes. The Myth of 1648 argues that the onset of specifically modern international relations only began with the conjunction of the rise of capitalism and modern state-formation in England. Thereafter, the English model caused the restructuring of the old regimes of the Continent. This was a long-term process of socially uneven development, not completed until World War I.

Europa - Wunsch, Wahn und Wirklichkeit

Die ungefilterte Wahrheit über Deutschlands Vergangenheit Dieses Werk fordert den Leser heraus, Fragen zu stellen. Es richtet sich an den kritischen Leser, der sich nicht länger an der Nase herumführen lassen will. An den Leser, der hoch sensibilisiert ist, was Lüge und Wahrheit angeht. An den Leser, der sich nicht mehr manipulieren lassen will. Der Autor Frank Fabian berichtet provokativ und hoch spannend, wie es wirklich gewesen ist. Er entkleidet die deutsche Geschichte ihrer Mythen und Mythologien. Unwahrheiten, Halbwahrheiten und Irreführungen, um die jeder wissen sollte, kommen so ans Tageslicht. Was selbst Historiker verschweigen Geschichtsschreibung ist nie wirklich neutral. Nicht zu Unrecht sagte schon der renommierte US-Historiker Will Durant: "Ach Geschichte! Das ist nichts anderes als das, worauf man sich am Schluss einfach einigt." Speziell in Deutschland wurde sie über Jahrhunderte von den verschiedensten Instanzen und Meinungsführern beeinflusst und sogar bewusst manipuliert. Das führte zu einem verfälschten Bild über die Deutsche Geschichte. Band I: Die Anfänge und das Mittelalter f Was das Deutsche an den Deutschen ist und was sie wirklich vor anderen auszeichnet f Was die wahren Gründe für den Untergang Roms und den Aufstieg der Germanen sind f Welche sieben politischen Richtlinien ein Land nach ganz oben führen können- auch heute noch! f Was normalerweise über Karl den Großen in den Geschichtsbüchern verschwiegen und unter den Teppich gekehrt wird. f Auf welchen sechs anderen Kulturen das Christentum in Wahrheit ruht und von wem die Verfasser der Bibel abschrieben f Was nicht laut über das Papsttum gesagt werden darf f Welche exakten Persönlichkeiten hinter den Kreuzzügen standen und wie das Christentum, die Religion der Liebe, systematisch pervertiert wurde Leser über das Buch "Dass so viel Falsches in Geschichtsbüchern steht hätte ich niemals gedacht. Dank Frank Fabian weiß ich es nun besser." - Horst H. auf Facebook "Dieses Buch ist nicht nur im Bezug auf die Wahrheit über die Geschichte interessant. Sondern man erfährt auch sehr viel über Propaganda, Zensur, und - wenn man es so nennen will - "Geschichtsmarketing"..." Sabrina Wella, Probeleserin "Solchen Aufdeckungsbüchern stehe ich normalerweise kritisch gegenüber. Aber der Autor erklärt und beweist all seine Theorien schlüssig. Wer sich für Geschichte interessiert hat bei diesem Buch mehr als nur einen Aha-Effekt." - Katrin Wiese auf ihrem Blog

The Settlers of Catan

In recent decades, the importance of sound for remembering the past and for creating a sense of belonging has been increasingly acknowledged. We keep "sound souvenirs" such as cassette tapes and long play albums in our attics because we want to be able to recreate the music and everyday sounds we once cherished. Artists and ordinary listeners deploy the newest digital audio technologies to recycle past sounds into present tunes. Sound and memory are inextricably intertwined, not just

through the commercially exploited nostalgia on oldies radio stations, but through the exchange of valued songs by means of pristine recordings and cultural practices such as collecting, archiving and listing. This book explores several types of cultural practices involving the remembrance and restoration of past sounds. At the same time, it theorizes the cultural meaning of collecting, recycling, reciting, and remembering sound and music.

Germany and the Holy Roman Empire

This is an authoritative history of the twelve years of the Third Reich from its political takeover of January 30, 1939 to the German capitulation in May 1945.

The Holocaust

The first study to connect the exponential growth in amateur choral singing to the culture of public celebrations and festivals.

Soziologie - Sociology in the German-Speaking World

***Angaben zur beteiligten Person Stodolkowitz: Stefan Stodolkowitz ist Richter am Landgericht Lüneburg und Wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter am Bundesgerichtshof Karlsruhe.

Kontroversen in der jüngeren Mediävistik

Democratic breakdown as a political and historic event can impact the fate of millions, if not hundreds of millions of people, by changing the political complexion of a country. This book attempts to systematically explain why democracies collapse. The author's main theoretical argument is based on the examination of two factors. One is political cleavages among voters. These can cause serious political conflicts and may lead to fierce political confrontation and major upheaval at the society level. The other revolves around the types of political and institutional arrangements under democratic regimes. Centrifugal democratic regimes are likely to weaken government capacity or state capacity, rendering governments incapable of effectively resolving political conflicts and, when these two factors come together, political conflicts are less likely to be controlled effectively. These situations can evolve into serious political crises and eventually lead to the collapse of democratic regimes. The empirical research of this book is based on a comparative historical analysis of Germany, Nigeria, Chile, and India. Examining democratic collapses from both theoretical and empirical perspectives, this book will be of interest to those engaged in the study of democracy, Political Science, Comparative Politics, and Political Theory.

Fortschrittsutopien

Reinhart Koselleck (1923–2006) was one of most imposing and influential European intellectual historians in the twentieth century. Constantly probing and transgressing the boundaries of mainstream historical writing, he created numerous highly innovative approaches, absorbing influences from other academic disciplines as represented in the work of philosophers and political thinkers like Hans Georg Gadamer and Carl Schmitt and that of internationally renowned scholars such as Hayden White, Michel Foucault, and Quentin Skinner. An advocate of "grand theory," Koselleck was an inspiration to many scholars and helped move the discipline into new directions (such as conceptual history, theories of historical times and memory) and across disciplinary and national boundaries. He thus achieved a degree of international fame that was unusual for a German historian after 1945. This book not only presents the life and work of a "great thinker" and European intellectual, it also contributes to our understanding of complex theoretical and methodological issues in the cultural sciences and to our knowledge of the history of political, historical, and cultural thought in Germany from the 1950s to the present.

The Journey of Christianity to India in Late Antiquity

The volume examines imperial rule in the Middle Ages. It asks for the characteristics of imperial leadership as well as the reasons why some rulers strove for imperial titles such as emperor whereas others voluntarily shrank from them. Thus, the authors adopt a transcultural perspective, covering Europe, Byzantium and the Islamic Middle East.

The Myth of 1648

