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Intro

Postoperative thyroidectomy nursing care includes which measures?

What would the nurse note as typical findings on the assessment of a client with acute pancreatitis?

A client is found to be comatose and hypoglycemic with a blood sugar level 50 mg/dl. What nursing action is implemented first?

Which medication will the nurse have available for the emergency treatment of tetany in the client who has had a thyroidectomy?

What is the primary action of insulin in the body?

What will the nurse teach the diabetic client regarding exercise in his/her treatment program?

The nurse is caring for a client who has exophthalmos associated with her thyroid disease. What is the cause of exophthalmos?

What is characteristic symptom of hypoglycemia that should alert nurse to an early insulin reaction?

A client is scheduled for routine glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test. What is important for the nurse to tell the client before this test?

A client has been inhalation vasopressin therapy. What will the nurse evaluate to determine the therapeutic response to this medication?

A client with diagnosis of type 2 diabetes has been ordered a course of prednisone for her severe arthritic pain. An expected change that requires close monitoring by the nurse is

The nurse performing an assessment on a client who has been receiving long-term steroid therapy would expect to find

A diabetic client receives a combination of regular and NPH insulin at 0700 hours. The nurse teaches the client to be alert for signs of hypoglycemia at

It is important for the nurse to teach the client that metformin (Glucophage)

A nurse assessing a client with SIADH would expect to find laboratory values of

A priority nursing diagnostic for a client admitted to the hospital with a diagnosis of diabetes insipidus is

A client admitted with a pheochromocytoma returns from the operating room after adrenalectomy. The nurse should carefully assess this client for

When caring for client in thyroid crisis, the nurse would question an order for

A client is prescribed levothyroxine (Synthroid) daily The most important instruction to give the client for administration of this drug is

The nurse would question which medication order for a client with acute-angled glaucoma?

A client tells you she has heard that glaucoma may be a hereditary problem and she is concerned about her adult children. What is the best response?

What will be important to include in the nursing care for the client with angle-closure glaucoma?

A child is scheduled for a myringotomy. What goal of this procedure will the nurse discuss with the parents?

After a client's eye has been anesthetized, what instructions will be important for the nurse to give the client?

A child diagnosed with conjunctivitis. Which statement reflects that the child understood the nurse's teaching?

What medication would the nurse anticipate giving a client with Meniere's disease?

When teaching a family and a client about the use of a hearing aid, the nurse will base the teaching on what information regarding the hearing aid?

What statement by the client recovering from cataract surgery would indicate to the nurse need for additional teaching?

A client is walking down the hall and begins to experience vertigo. What is the most important nursing action when this occurs?

To promote and maintain safety for a client after a stapedectomy. What would be included in the nursing care plan?

The nurse would question the administration of which eye drop in a patient with increased ICP?

A client is being admitted for problems with Meniere's disease. What is most important to the nurse to assess?

A client calls the nurse regarding an accident that just occurred during which an unknown chemical was splashed in his eyes. What is the most important for the nurse to tell the client to do immediately?

A 25-year old woman comes to the clinic complaining of dizziness, weakness and palpitations. What will be important for the nurse to initially evaluate when obtaining the health history?

A child with leukemia is being discharged after beginning chemotherapy. What instructions will the nurse include in the teaching plan for the parents of this child?

Which client is most likely to have iron deficiency anemia?

A client has an order for one unit of whole blood. What is a correct nursing action?

The nurse is caring for a client who is receiving a blood transfusion. The transfusion was started 30 mins ago at a rate of 100 ml/hr. The client begins to complain of low back pain and headache and is increasing restless, what is the first nursing action?

The nurse is preparing to start an IV infusion before the administration of a unit of packed red blood cells, what fluid will the nurse select to maintain the infusion before hanging the unit of blood?

A client in sickle cell crisis is admitted to the emergency department what are the priorities of care?

A client in the ICU has been diagnosed with DIC. The nurse will anticipate administering which of the following fluids?

The nurse is assessing a client who has been given a diagnosis of polycythemia vera. What characteristics will the nurse anticipate finding when assessing this client?

A client has been diagnosed with pernicious anemia what will the nurse teach this client regarding medication he will need to take after he goes home?

First postop day after a right lower lobe (RLL) lobectomy, the client breathes and coughs but has difficulty raising mucus. What indicates that the client is not adequately clearing secretions?

What nursing observations indicate that the cuff on an endotracheal tube is leaking?

The client with COPD is to be discharged home while receiving continuous oxygen at a rate of 2 L/min via cannula. What information does the nurse provide to the client and his wife regarding the use of oxygen at home?

The wife of a client with COPD is worried about caring for her husband at home. Which statement by the nurse provides the most valid information?

Which statement correctly describes suctioning through an endotracheal tube

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Intro

The immediate objective of nursing care for an overweight, mildly hypertensive male client with ureteral colic and hematuria is to decrease

Matilda, with hyperthyroidism is to receive Lugol's iodine solution before a subtotal thyroidectomy is performed. The nurse is aware that this medication is given to

Ricardo, was diagnosed with type I diabetes. The nurse is aware that acute hypoglycemia also can develop in the client who is diagnosed with

Norma, with recent colostomy expresses concern about the inability to control the passage of gas. Nurse Oliver should suggest that the client plan to

Patrick is in the oliguric phase of acute tubular necrosis and is experiencing fluid and electrolyte imbalances. The client is somewhat confused and complains of nausea and muscle weakness. As part of the prescribed therapy to correct this electrolyte imbalance, the nurse

Mario has burn injury. After 48 hours, the physician orders for Mario 2 liters of IV fluid to be administered q12 h. The drop factor of the tubing is 10 gtt/ml. The nurse should set the flow to provide: A. 18 gtt/min

Terence suffered from burn injury. Using the rule of nines, which has the largest percent of burns?

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Intro

A client was involved in a motor vehicular accident in which the seat belt was not worn. The client is exhibiting crepitus, decreased breath sounds on the left, complains of shortness of breath, and has a respiratory rate of 34 breaths per minute. Which of the following assessment findings would concern the nurse most? A. Temperature of 102 degrees F and productive cough B. ABG with PaO<sub>2</sub> of 92 and PaCO<sub>2</sub> of 40 mmHg C. Trachea deviating to the right D. Barrel-chested appearance

Thomas Edison is a 79-year-old man who is admitted with diagnosis of dementia. The doctor orders a series of laboratory tests to determine whether Mr. Edison's dementia is treatable. The nurse understands that the most common cause of dementia in this population is: A. AIDS B. Alzheimer's disease C. Brain tumors D. Vascular disease

A client with congestive heart failure has digoxin (Lanoxin) ordered everyday. Prior to giving the medication, the nurse checks the digoxin level which is therapeutic and auscultates an apical pulse. The apical pulse is 63 bpm for 1 full minute. The nurse should

Nurse Marian is caring for client with hiatal hernia, which the following should be included in her teaching plan regarding causes

Joseph has been diagnosed with hepatic encephalopathy. The nurse observes flapping tremors. The nurse understands that flapping tremors associated with hepatic encephalopathy are also known as Which of the following findings would strongly indicate the possibility of cirrhosis? A. dry skin B. hepatomegaly C. peripheral edema D. pruritus

Aling Puring has just been diagnosed with close-angle (narrow-angle) glaucoma. The nurse assesses the client for which of the following common presenting symptoms of the disorder? A. halo vision B. dull eye pain C. severe eye and face pain D. impaired night vision

What laboratory test is a common measure of renal function?

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Murmurs that indicate heart disease are often accompanied by other symptoms such as: A. Dyspnea on exertion. B. Subcutaneous emphysema. C. Thoracic petechiae. D. Periorbital edema.

Which pregnancy-related physiologic change would place the patient with a history of cardiac disease at the greatest risk of developing severe cardiac problems? A. Decrease heart rate B. Decreased cardiac output C. Increased plasma volume D. Increased blood pressure

The priority nursing diagnosis for the patient with cardiomyopathy is: A. Anxiety related to risk of declining health status. B. Ineffective individual coping related to fear of debilitating illness

A patient with thrombophlebitis reached her expected outcomes of care. Her affected leg appears pink and warm. Her pedal pulse is palpable and there is no edema present. Which step in the nursing process is described above? A. Planning B. Implementation C. Analysis D. Evaluation

An elderly patient may have sustained a basilar skull fracture after slipping and falling on an icy sidewalk. The nurse knows that basilar skull fractures: A. Are the least significant type of skull fracture. B. May have cause cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) leaks from the nose or ears. C. Have no characteristic findings. D. Are always surgically repaired.

Which of the following types of drugs might be given to control increased intracranial pressure (ICP)?

A. Barbiturates B. Carbonic anhydrase inhibitors C. Anticholinergics D. Histamine receptor blockers

Answer: A. Barbiturates may be used to induce a coma in a patient with increased ICP. This decreases cortical activity and cerebral metabolism, reduces cerebral blood volume, decreases cerebral edema, and reduces the brain's need for glucose and oxygen. Carbonic anhydrase inhibitors are used to decrease ocular pressure or to decrease the serum pH in a patient with metabolic alkalosis.

Anticholinergics have many uses including reducing GI spasms. Histamine receptor blockers are used to decrease stomach acidity.

The nurse is teaching family members of a patient with a concussion about the early signs of increased intracranial pressure (ICP). Which of the following would she cite as an early sign of increased ICP? A. Decreased systolic blood pressure B. Headache and vomiting C. Inability to wake the patient with noxious stimuli D. Dilated pupils that don't react to light

Jessie James is diagnosed with retinal detachment. Which intervention is the most important for this patient? A. Admitting him to the hospital on strict bed rest B. Patching both of his eyes C. Referring him to an ophthalmologist D. Preparing him for surgery

Answer: A. Immediate bed rest is necessary to prevent further injury. Both eyes should be patched to avoid consensual eye movement and the patient should receive early referral to an ophthalmologist should treat the condition immediately. Retinal reattachment can be accomplished by surgery only. If the macula is detached or threatened, surgery is urgent; prolonged detachment of the macula results in permanent loss of central vision.

Dr. Bruce Owen, a chemist, sustained a chemical burn to one eye. Which intervention takes priority for a patient with a chemical burn of the eye? A. Patch the affected eye and call the ophthalmologist. B. Administer a cycloplegic agent to reduce ciliary spasm. C. Immediately instill a topical anesthetic, then irrigate the eye with saline solution. D. Administer antibiotics to reduce the risk of infection

The nurse is assessing a patient and notes a Brudzinski's sign and Kernig's sign. These are two classic signs of which of the following disorders? A. Cerebrovascular accident (CVA) B. Meningitis C. Seizure disorder D. Parkinson's disease

Answer: B. A positive response to one or both tests indicates meningeal irritation that is present with meningitis. Brudzinski's and Kernig's signs don't occur in CVA, seizure disorder, or Parkinson's disease.

The nurse should instruct the patient with Parkinson's disease to avoid which of the following? A. Walking in an indoor shopping mall B. Sitting on the deck on a cool summer evening C. Walking to the car on a cold winter day D. Sitting on the beach in the sun on a summer day

Gary Jordan suffered a cerebrovascular accident that left her unable to comprehend speech and unable to speak. This type of aphasia is known as: A. Receptive aphasia B. Expressive aphasia C. Global aphasia D. Conduction aphasia

Kelly Smith complains that her headaches are occurring more frequently despite medications.

Patients with a history of headaches should be taught to avoid: A. Freshly prepared meats. B. Citrus fruits. C. Skim milk

Answer: D. Patients with a history of headaches, especially migraines, should be taught to keep a food diary to identify potential food triggers. Typical headache triggers include alcohol, aged cheeses, processed meats, and chocolate and caffeine-containing products.

Which of the following is a cause of embolic brain injury? A. Persistent hypertension B. Subarachnoid hemorrhage C. Atrial fibrillation D. Skull fracture

Although Ms. Priestly has a spinal cord injury, she can still have sexual intercourse. Discharge teaching should make her aware that

Many men who suffer spinal injuries continue to be sexually active. The teaching plan for a man with a spinal cord injury should include sexual concerns. Which of the following injuries would most likely prevent erection and ejaculation? A. C5

Answer: B. Patient with pneumococcal meningitis require respiratory isolation for the first 24 hours after treatment is initiated.

An early symptom associated with amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) includes: A. Fatigue while talking B. Change in mental status C. Numbness of the hands and feet D. Spontaneous fractures

When caring for a patient with esophageal varices, the nurse knows that bleeding in this disorder usually stems from: A. Esophageal perforation B. Pulmonary hypertension C. Portal hypertension D. Peptic ulcers

Tiffany Black is diagnosed with type A hepatitis. What special precautions should the nurse take when caring for this patient? A. Put on a mask and gown before entering the patient's room. B. Wear gloves and a gown when removing the patient's bedpan. C. Prevent the droplet spread of the organism. D. Use caution when bringing food to the patient.

Discharge instructions for a patient who has been operated on for colorectal cancer include irrigating the colostomy. The nurse knows her teaching is effective when the patient states he'll contact the doctor if

The nurse explains to the patient who has an abdominal perineal resection that an indwelling urinary catheter must be kept in place for several days afterward because: A. It prevents urinary tract infection following surgery B. It prevents urine retention and resulting pressure on the perineal wound C. It minimizes the risk of wound contamination by the urine D. It determines whether the surgery caused bladder trauma

If a patient's GI tract is functioning but he's unable to take foods by mouth, the preferred method of feeding is: A. Total parenteral nutrition B. Peripheral parenteral nutrition C. Enteral nutrition D. Oral liquid supplements

Which type of solution causes water to shift from the cells into the plasma? A. Hypertonic B. Hypotonic C. Isotonic D. Alkaline

Particles move from an area of greater osmolarity to one of lesser osmolarity through: A. Active transport B. Osmosis C. Diffusion

Which nursing intervention would most likely lead to a hypo-osmolar state? A. Performing nasogastric tube irrigation with normal saline solution B. Weighing the patient daily C. Administering tap water enema until the return is clear D. Encouraging the patient with excessive perspiration to drink broth

A patient with metabolic acidosis has a preexisting problem with the kidneys. Which other organ helps regulate blood pH? A. Liver B. Pancreas C. Lungs D. heart

Answer: C. The respiratory and renal systems act as compensatory mechanisms to counteract acid-base imbalances. The lungs alter the carbon dioxide levels in the blood by increasing or decreasing the rate and depth of respirations, thereby increasing or decreasing carbon dioxide elimination. The liver, pancreas, and heart play no part in compensating for acid-base imbalances.

Answer: B. Anuria refers to a urine output of less than 100 ml in 24 hours. The baseline for urine output and renal function is 30 ml of urine per hour. A urine output of at least 100 ml in 2 hours is within normal limits. Voiding at night is called nocturia. Pain and burning on urination is called dysuria.

Which nursing action is appropriate to prevent infection when obtaining a sterile urine specimen from an indwelling urinary catheter? A. Aspirate urine from the tubing port using a sterile syringe and needle B. Disconnect the catheter from the tubing and obtain urine C. Open the drainage bag and pour out some urine D. Wear sterile gloves when obtaining urine

Answer: A. To obtain urine properly, the nurse should aspirate it from a port, using a sterile syringe after cleaning the port. Opening a closed urine drainage system increases the risk of urinary tract infection. Standard precautions specify the use of gloves during contact with body fluids; however, sterile gloves aren't necessary.

After undergoing a transurethral resection of the prostate to treat benign prostatic hypertrophy, a patient is returned to the room with continuous bladder irrigation in place. One day later, the patient reports bladder pain. What should the nurse do first? A. Increase the I.V. flow rate B. Notify the doctor immediately C. Assess the irrigation catheter for patency and drainage D. Administer meperidine (Demerol) as prescribed

Answer: C. Although postoperative pain is expected, the nurse should ensure that other factors, such as an obstructed irrigation catheter, aren't the cause of the pain. After assessing catheter patency, the nurse should administer an analgesic such as meperidine as prescribed. Increasing the I.V. flow

rate may worsen the pain. Notifying the doctor isn't necessary unless the pain is severe or unrelieved by the prescribed medication.

A patient comes to the hospital complaining of sudden onset of sharp, severe pain originating in the lumbar region and radiating around the side and toward the bladder. The patient also reports nausea and vomiting and appears pale, diaphoretic, and anxious. The doctor tentatively diagnoses renal calculi and orders flat-plate abdominal X-rays. Renal calculi can form anywhere in the urinary tract. What is their most common formation site? A. Kidney B. Ureter

A patient comes to the hospital complaining of severe pain in the right flank, nausea, and vomiting. The doctor tentatively diagnoses right ureterolithiasis (renal calculi). When planning this patient's care, the nurse should assign highest priority to which nursing diagnosis? A. Pain B. Risk of infection  
Answer: A. Ureterolithiasis typically causes such acute, severe pain that the patient can't rest and becomes increasingly anxious. Therefore, the nursing diagnosis of pain takes highest priority. Risk for infection and altered urinary elimination are appropriate once the patient's pain is controlled. Altered nutrition: less than body requirements isn't appropriate at this time.

The nurse is reviewing the report of a patient's routine urinalysis. Which of the following values should the nurse consider abnormal? A. Specific gravity of 1.002 B. Urine pH of 3 C. Absence of protein D. Absence of glucose

Answer: B. Normal urine pH is 4.5 to 8; therefore, a urine pH of 3 is abnormal and may indicate such conditions as renal tuberculosis, pyrexia, phenylketonuria, alkaptonuria, and acidosis. Urine specific gravity normally ranges from 1.002 to 1.032, making the patient's value normal. Normally, urine contains no protein, glucose, ketones, bilirubin, bacteria, casts, or crystals.

A patient with suspected renal insufficiency is scheduled for a comprehensive diagnostic work-up. After the nurse explains the diagnostic tests, the patient asks which part of the kidney "does the work." Which answer is correct? A. The glomerulus B. Bowman's capsule C. The nephron D. The tubular system

During a shock state, the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system exerts which of the following effects on renal function? A. Decreased urine output, increased reabsorption of sodium and water B.

Decreased urine output, decreased reabsorption of sodium and water C. Increased urine output, increased reabsorption of sodium and water D. Increased urine output, decreased reabsorption of sodium and water

Answer: A. As a response to shock, the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system alters renal function by decreasing urine output and increasing reabsorption of sodium and water. Reduced renal perfusion stimulates the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system in an effort to conserve circulating volume.

While assessing a patient who complained of lower abdominal pressure, the nurse notes a firm mass extending above the symphysis pubis. The nurse suspects: A. B. Renal calculi C. An enlarged kidney D. A distended bladder

Gregg Lohan, age 75, is admitted to the medical-surgical floor with weakness and left-sided chest pain. The symptoms have been present for several weeks after a viral illness. Which assessment finding is most symptomatic of pericarditis? A. Pericardial friction rub B. Bilateral crackles auscultated at the lung bases C. Pain unrelieved by a change in position D. Third heart sound (S3)

Answer: A. A pericardial friction rub may be present with the pericardial effusion of pericarditis. The lungs are typically clear when auscultated. Sitting up and leaning forward often relieves pericarditis pain. An S3 indicates left-sided heart failure and isn't usually present with pericarditis.

James King is admitted to the hospital with right-sided heart failure. When assessing him for jugular vein distention, the nurse should position him: A. Lying on his side with the head of the bed flat. B. Sitting upright. C. Flat on his back. D. Lying on his back with the head of the bed elevated 30 to 45 degrees.

Answer: D. Assessing jugular vein distention should be done when the patient is in semi-Fowler's position (head of the bed elevated 30 to 45 degrees). If the patient lies flat, the veins will be more distended; if he sits upright, the veins will be flat.

The nurse is interviewing a slightly overweight 43-year-old man with mild emphysema and borderline hypertension. He admits to smoking a pack of cigarettes per day. When developing a teaching plan, which of the following should receive highest priority to help decrease respiratory complications? A. Weight reduction B. Decreasing salt intake C. Smoking cessation D. Decreasing caffeine intake

Answer: C. Smoking should receive highest priority when trying to reduce risk factors for with respiratory complications. Losing weight and decreasing salt and caffeine intake can help to decrease risk factors for hypertension.

What is the ratio of chest compressions to ventilations when one rescuer performs cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) on an adult? A. 15:1

Answer: B. The correct ratio of compressions to ventilations when one rescuer performs CPR is 15:2  
When assessing a patient for fluid and electrolyte balance, the nurse is aware that the organs most important in maintaining this balance are the: A. Pituitary gland and pancreas B. Liver and gallbladder. C. Brain stem and heart. D. Lungs and kidneys.

Answer: D. The lungs and kidneys are the body's regulators of homeostasis. The lungs are responsible for removing fluid and carbon dioxide; the kidneys maintain a balance of fluid and electrolytes. The other organs play secondary roles in maintaining homeostasis.

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Question 2

Question 4 Answer

Question 5 Answer

Question 6 Answer

Question 7 Answer

Question 8 Answer

Question 9 Answer

Question 10 Answer

Outro

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Conclusion

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NCLEX Question 10

Outro

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Gather equipment

Prepare flush

Choose vein

Insert cannula

Secure cannula

Flush cannula

Complete procedure

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Mosquito

Kelly Clamp



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Right Angle  
Sponge forcep  
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outro

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Intro  
Sterilization Card  
Needle Driver  
Hooks  
Scissors

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Mrs. Chua a 78 year old client is admitted with the diagnosis of mild chronic heart failure. The nurse expects to hear when listening to client's lungs indicative of chronic heart failure would be Patrick who is hospitalized following a myocardial infarction asks the nurse why he is taking morphine. The nurse explains that morphine

Which of the following should the nurse teach the client about the signs of digitalis toxicity?

Nurse Trisha teaches a client with heart failure to take oral Furosemide in the morning. The reason for this is to help...

What would be the primary goal of therapy for a client with pulmonary edema and heart failure?

Answer: B. The primary goal of therapy for the client with pulmonary edema or heart failure is increasing cardiac output. Pulmonary edema is an acute medical emergency requiring immediate intervention

Nurse Linda is caring for a client with head injury and monitoring the client with decerebrate posturing. Which of the following is a characteristic of this type of posturing?

A female client is taking Cascara Sagrada. Nurse Betty informs the client that the following maybe experienced as side effects of this medication

Dr. Marquez orders a continuous intravenous nitroglycerin infusion for the client suffering from myocardial infarction. Which of the following is the most essential nursing action?

Answer: D. Administration of Intravenous Nitroglycerin infusion requires pump for accurate control of medication

During the second day of hospitalization of the client after a Myocardial Infarction. Which of the following is an expected outcome?

A 68 year old client is diagnosed with a right-sided brain attack and is admitted to the hospital. In caring for this client, the nurse should plan to

Nurse Liza is assigned to care for a client who has returned to the nursing unit after left nephrectomy. Nurse Liza's highest priority would be...

Answer: A. After nephrectomy, it is necessary to measure urine output hourly. This is done to assess the effectiveness of the remaining kidney also to detect renal failure early

A 64 year old male client with a long history of cardiovascular problem including hypertension and

angina is to be scheduled for cardiac catheterization. During pre cardiac catheterization teaching, Nurse Cherry should inform the client that the primary purpose of the procedure is.....

During the first several hours after a cardiac catheterization, it would be most essential for nurse Cherry to...

Kate who has undergone mitral valve replacement suddenly experiences continuous bleeding from the surgical incision during postoperative period. Which of the following pharmaceutical agents should Nurse Aiza prepare to administer to Kate?

Answer: A. Protamine Sulfate is used to prevent continuous bleeding in client who has undergone open heart surgery.

In reducing the risk of endocarditis, good dental care is an important measure. To promote good dental care in client with mitral stenosis in teaching plan should include proper use of...

Answer: C. The use of electronic toothbrush, irrigation device or dental floss may cause bleeding of gums, allowing bacteria to enter and increasing the risk of endocarditis.

Among the following signs and symptoms, which would most likely be present in a client with mitral regurgitation?

Kris with a history of chronic infection of the urinary system complains of urinary frequency and burning sensation. To figure out whether the current problem is in renal origin, the nurse should assess whether the client has discomfort or pain in the...

Nurse Perry is evaluating the renal function of a male client. After documenting urine volume and characteristics, Nurse Perry assesses which signs as the best indicator of renal function.

John suddenly experiences a seizure, and Nurse Gina notice that John exhibits uncontrollable jerking movements. Nurse Gina documents that John experienced which type of seizure?

Smoking cessation is critical strategy for the client with Burgher's disease, Nurse Jasmin anticipates that the male client will go home with a prescription for which medication?

Nurse Lilly has been assigned to a client with Raynaud's disease. Nurse Lilly realizes that the etiology of the disease is unknown but it is characterized by

Nurse Jamie should explain to male client with diabetes that self-monitoring of blood glucose is preferred to urine glucose testing because...

Answer: A. Urine testing provides an indirect measure that maybe influenced by kidney function while blood glucose testing is a more direct and accurate measure.

Jessie weighed 210 pounds on admission to the hospital. After 2 days of diuretic therapy, Jessie weighs 205.5 pounds. The nurse could estimate the amount of fluid Jessie has lost...

Nurse Donna is aware that the shift of body fluids associated with Intravenous administration of albumin occurs in the process of

Myrna a 52 year old client with a fractured left tibia has a long leg cast and she is using crutches to ambulate. Nurse Joy assesses for which sign and symptom that indicates complication associated with crutch walking?

Which of the following statements should the nurse teach the neutropenic client and his family to avoid?

A female client is experiencing painful and rigid abdomen and is diagnosed with perforated peptic ulcer. A surgery has been scheduled and a nasogastric tube is inserted. The nurse should place the client before surgery in

Which nursing intervention ensures adequate ventilating exchange after surgery?

George who has undergone thoracic surgery has chest tube connected to a water-seal drainage system attached to suction Presence of excessive bubbling is identified in water-seal chamber, the nurse should...

A client who has been diagnosed of hypertension is being taught to restrict intake of sodium. The nurse would know that the teachings are effective if the client states that...

A male client with a history of cirrhosis and alcoholism is admitted with severe dyspnea resulted to ascites. The nurse should be aware that the ascites is most likely the result of increased...

A newly admitted client is diagnosed with Hodgkin's disease undergoes an excisional cervical lymph node biopsy under local anesthesia. What does the nurse assess first after the procedure?

Answer: C. Assessing for an open airway is the priority. The procedure involves the neck, the anesthesia may have affected the swallowing reflex or the inflammation may have closed in on the airway leading to ineffective air exchange.

A client has 15% blood loss. Which of the following nursing assessment findings indicates hypovolemic shock?

Nurse Lucy is planning to give pre operative teaching to a client who will be undergoing rhinoplasty. Which of the following should be included?

Paul is admitted to the hospital due to metabolic acidosis caused by Diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA). The nurse prepares which of the following medications as an initial treatment for this problem?

Answer: A Metabolic acidosis is anaerobic metabolism caused by lack of ability of the body to use circulating glucose. Administration of insulin corrects this problem

Dr. Marquez tells a client that an increase intake of foods that are rich in Vitamin E and beta-carotene are important for healthier skin. The nurse teaches the client that excellent food sources of both of these substances are

Answer: D. Beta-carotene and Vitamin E are antioxidants which help to inhibit oxidation. Vitamin E is found in the following foods: wheat germ, corn, nuts, seeds, olives, spinach, asparagus and other green leafy vegetables. Food sources of beta-carotene include dark green vegetables, carrots, mangoes and tomatoes.

A client has Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease (GERD). The nurse should teach the client that after every meals, the client should...

After gastroscopy, an adaptation that indicates major complication would be

A client who has undergone a cholecystectomy asks the nurse whether there are any dietary restrictions that must be followed. Nurse Hilary would recognize that the dietary teaching was well understood when the client tells a family member that

Nurse Rachel teaches a client who has been recently diagnosed with hepatitis A about untoward signs and symptoms related to Hepatitis that may develop. The one that should be reported immediately to the physician is

Which of the following antituberculosis drugs can damage the 8th cranial nerve?

Answer: D. Streptomycin is an aminoglycoside and damage on the 8th cranial nerve (ototoxicity) is a common side effect of aminoglycosides.

The client asks Nurse Annie the causes of peptic ulcer. Nurse Annie responds that recent research indicates that peptic ulcers are the result of which of the following

Ryan has undergone subtotal gastrectomy. The nurse should expect that nasogastric tube drainage will be what color for about 12 to 24 hours after surgery?

Nurse Joan is assigned to come for client who has just undergone eye surgery. Nurse Joan plans to teach the client activities that are permitted during the post operative period. Which of the following is best recommended for the client?

A client suffered from a lower leg injury and seeks treatment in the emergency room. There is a prominent deformity to the lower aspect of the leg, and the injured leg appears shorter than the other leg. The affected leg is painful, swollen and beginning to become ecchymotic. The nurse interprets that the client is experiencing

Nurse Jenny is instilling an otic solution into an adult male client left ear. Nurse Jenny avoids doing which of the following as part of the procedure

Nurse Bea should instruct the male client with an ileostomy to report immediately which of the following symptom?

Jerry has diagnosed with appendicitis. He develops a fever, hypotension and tachycardia. The nurse suspects which of the following complications?

Answer: B. Complications of acute appendicitis are peritonitis, perforation and abscess development. Which of the following complications should the nurse carefully monitor a client with acute pancreatitis.

Which of the following symptoms during the icteric phase of viral hepatitis should the nurse expect the client to exhibit?

Answer: B. Liver inflammation and obstruction block the normal flow of bile. Excess bilirubin turns the skin and sclera yellow and the urine dark and frothy

Medical Surgical Nursing 25 NCLEX Practice Questions with Rationales for Nursing Students - Medical Surgical Nursing 25 NCLEX Practice Questions with Rationales for Nursing Students by NurseStudy Net 17,839 views 2 years ago 23 minutes - 25 **Medical Surgical**, practice **NCLEX Nursing Exam**, Questions with Rationales for **nursing**, students. **NCLEX**, Questions and ...

Intro

A nurse is caring for a male client admitted in the CCU due to cardiac dysrhythmia. While the nurse delivers personal care for him, the patient suddenly develops ventricular fibrillation. After calling for help, the nurse should immediately

A client diagnosed with folate deficiency anemia is being discharged. The nurse should primarily recommend which of the following foods to the patient?

A client is admitted with suspected pernicious megaloblastic anemia. The laboratory results are now reported. Which of the following findings confirm the diagnosis of pernicious anemia?

A female client admitted in the coronary care unit (CCU) due to myocardial infarction (MI) has stabilized and is moved with a cardiac monitor via telemetry to the step-down medical unit. The nurse in the medical ward informs the patient that she can perform which of the following activities?

A client is diagnosed with deep vein thrombosis (DVT) and requires IV heparin therapy. While the patient is having this infusion, the nurse should ensure that the nursing unit also has which of the following medications?

An anxious client comes into the emergency room with signs and symptoms of coronary artery disease (CAD). The nurse understands that the first priority of care for this patient is to

A nurse performs a health education session about myocardial infarction (MI) on a high risk client group. Which of the following should the nurse state as the

A male client comes into the medical assessment unit with a complaint of knife-like chest pain. Upon interview, the patient rates the chest pain as 7 to 8 out of 10 at rest. He states that the chest pain worsens during inspiration. Which of the following body systems is the most probable origin of this pain?

A client exhibits signs and symptoms of acute heart failure. Which of the following blood tests is primarily used to detect cardiac damage? Answer: D. Troponin

The physician orders an arterial blood gas (ABG) analysis for a patient with COPD in exacerbation. The nurse performs an Allen's test prior to drawing the blood to ensure that which of the following circulation is adequate?

A female client presents with a productive cough and is suspected to have a respiratory infection. When obtaining a sputum sample from the patient, the nurse must instruct her to perform which of the following actions?

A 45-year old male client with a diagnosis of chronic pancreatitis is admitted in the gastrointestinal unit. The nurse checks the laboratory results and finds which of the following serum amylase levels as indicative of the patient's diagnosis?

A nurse has just finished inserting a new nasogastric tube to a patient suffering from severe dysphagia. Which of the following pH values indicates that the tube placement is correct?

A client who has recently returned from a tour in a developing country is diagnosed with hepatitis. The physician reckons that the patient has contracted this infection from eating contaminated food. Which of the following types of hepatitis is most likely the cause of the infection?

A 53-year old male patient is admitted in the gastrointestinal ward due to a newly diagnosed type 2 diabetes mellitus. Upon initial assessment, the nurse should expect all of the following symptoms, except: A. Increased urination

Mr. Smith has been coming to the diabetes clinic over the past three months to have his glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test done. He asks the nurse, "How will i know iflam pre-diabetic?" The nurse responds that pre-diabetes is diagnosed at which range of HbA1C?

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Board Exam Question 25

Outro

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A client is scheduled for insertion of an inferior vena cava (IVC) filter. Nurse Patricia consults the physician about withholding which regularly scheduled medication on the day before the surgery?

A nurse is planning to assess the corneal reflex on unconscious client. Which of the following is the safest stimulus to touch the client's cornea?

Answer: D. A client who is unconscious is at greater risk for corneal abrasion. For this reason, the safest way to test the corneal reflex is by touching the cornea lightly with a wisp of cotton

A female client develops an infection at the catheter insertion site. The nurse in charge uses the term "iatrogenic" when describing the infection because it resulted from

Nurse Carol is assessing a client with Parkinson's disease. The nurse recognizes bradykinesia when the client exhibits

A client who suffered from automobile accident complains of seeing frequent flashes of light. The nurse should expect

Kate with severe head injury is being monitored by the nurse for increasing intracranial pressure (ICP). Which finding should be most indicative sign of increasing intracranial pressure?

A hospitalized client had a tonic-clonic seizure while walking in the hall. During the seizure the nurse's priority should be

A client has undergone right pneumonectomy. When turning the client, the nurse should plan to position the client either

Nurse Jenny should caution a female client who is sexually active in taking Isoniazid (INH) because the drug has which of the following side effects?

Answer: C. Isoniazid (INH) interferes in the effectiveness of oral contraceptives and clients of child-bearing age should be counseled to use an alternative form of birth control while taking this drug.

A client has undergone gastrectomy. Nurse Jovy is aware that the best position for the client is

During the initial postoperative period of the client's stoma. The nurse evaluates which of the following observations should be reported immediately to the physician?

Kate which has diagnosed with ulcerative colitis is following physician's order for bed rest with bathroom privileges. What is the rationale for this activity restriction?

Nurse KC should regularly assess the client's ability to metabolize the total parenteral nutrition (TPN) solution adequately by monitoring the client for which of the following signs

A female client has an acute pancreatitis. Which of the following signs and symptoms the nurse would expect to see?

A client is suspected to develop tetany after a subtotal thyroidectomy. Which of the following symptoms might indicate tetany?

A 58 year old woman has newly diagnosed with hypothyroidism. The nurse is aware that the signs and symptoms of hypothyroidism include

A client has undergone for an ileal conduit, the nurse in charge should closely monitor the client for occurrence of which of the following complications related to pelvic surgery?

Dr. Marquez is about to defibrillate a client in ventricular fibrillation and says in a loud voice "clear". What should be the action of the nurse?

Answer: D. For the safety of all personnel, if the defibrillator paddles are being discharged, all personnel must stand back and be clear of all the contact with the client or the client's bed.

A client has been diagnosed with glomerulonephritis complains of thirst. The nurse should offer

A client with acute renal failure is aware that the most serious complication of this condition is

Answer: C. Infection is responsible for one third of the traumatic or surgically induced death of clients with renal failure as well as medical induced acute renal failure (ARF)

Nurse Karen is caring for clients in the OR. The nurse is aware that the last physiologic function that the client loses during the induction of anesthesia is

The nurse is assessing a client with pleural effusion. The nurse expects to find

A client admitted with newly diagnosed with Hodgkin's disease. Which of the following would the nurse expect the client to report?

A client has suffered from fall and sustained a leg injury. Which appropriate question would the nurse ask the client to help determine if the injury caused fracture?

The nurse is assessing the client's casted extremity for signs of infection. Which of the following

findings is indicative of infection?

Answer: D. Signs and symptoms of infection under a casted area include odor or purulent drainage and the presence of "hot spot" which are areas on the cast that are warmer than the others.

Nurse Rhia is performing an otoscopic examination on a female client with a suspected diagnosis of mastoiditis. Nurse Rhia would expect to note which of the following if this disorder is present?

Nurse Jocelyn is caring for a client with nasogastric tube that is attached to low suction. Nurse Jocelyn assesses the client for symptoms of which acid-base disorder?

A male adult client has undergone a lumbar puncture to obtain cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) for analysis. Which of the following values should be negative if the CSF is normal?

A client is suspected of developing diabetes insipidus. Which of the following is the most effective assessment?

Answer: D. Measuring the urine output to detect excess amount and checking the specific gravity of urine samples to determine urine concentration are appropriate measures to determine the onset of diabetes insipidus.

A 58 year old client is suffering from acute phase of rheumatoid arthritis. Which of the following would the nurse in charge identify as the lowest priority of the plan of care?

Among the following, which client is autotransfusion possible?

Nurse Becky is caring for client who begins to experience seizure while in bed. Which action should the nurse implement to prevent aspiration?

A client has undergone bone biopsy. Which nursing action should the nurse provide after the procedure?

A client is suffering from low back pain. Which of the following exercises will strengthen the lower back muscle of the client?

A client with peptic ulcer is being assessed by the nurse for gastrointestinal perforation. The nurse should monitor for

A client has undergone surgery for retinal detachment. Which of the following goal should be prioritized?

A Client with glaucoma has been prescribed with miotics. The nurse is aware that miotics is for

When suctioning an unconscious client, which nursing intervention should the nurse prioritize in maintaining cerebral

When discussing breathing exercises with postoperative client, Nurse Hazel should include which of the following teaching?

Louie, with burns over 35% of the body, complains of chilling. In promoting the client's comfort, the nurse should

Nurse Trish is aware that temporary heterograft (pig skin) is used to treat burns because this graft will

Mark has multiple abrasions and a laceration to the trunk and all four extremities says, "I can't eat all this food". The food that the nurse should suggest to be eaten first should be

Tony returns from surgery with permanent colostomy. During the first 24 hours the colostomy does not drain. The nurse should be aware that

When teaching a client about the signs of colorectal cancer, Nurse Trish stresses that the most common complaint of persons with colorectal cancer is

Louis develops peritonitis and sepsis after surgical repair of ruptured diverticulum. The nurse in charge should expect an assessment of the client to reveal

Immediately after liver biopsy, the client is placed on the right side, the nurse is aware that that this position should be maintained because it will

Tony has diagnosed with hepatitis A. The information from the health history that is most likely linked to hepatitis A is

Nurse Trish is aware that the laboratory test result that most likely would indicate acute pancreatitis is an elevated

Dr. Marquez orders serum electrolytes. To determine the effect of persistent vomiting, Nurse Trish should be most concerned with monitoring the

Answer: A. Sodium, which is concerned with the regulation of extracellular fluid volume, it is lost with vomiting. Chloride, which balances cations in the extracellular compartments, is also lost with vomiting, because sodium and chloride are parallel electrolytes, hyponatremia will accompany

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The nurse is performing her admission assessment of a patient. When grading arterial pulses, a 1+ pulse indicates

Murmurs that indicate heart disease are often accompanied by other symptoms such as

Answer: A A murmur that indicates heart disease is often accompanied by dyspnea on exertion, which is a hallmark of heart failure. Other indicators are tachycardia, syncope, and chest pain. Subcutaneous emphysema, thoracic petechiae, and periorbital edema aren't associated with murmurs and heart disease.

Which pregnancy-related physiologic change would place the patient with a history of cardiac disease at the greatest risk of developing severe cardiac problems?

The priority nursing diagnosis for the patient with cardiomyopathy is

A patient with thrombophlebitis reached her expected outcomes of care. Her affected leg appears pink and warm. Her pedal pulse is palpable and there is no edema present. Which step in the nursing process is described above?

Answer: D. Evaluation assesses the effectiveness of the treatment plan by determining if the patient has met the expected treatment outcome. Planning refers to designing a plan of action that will help the nurse deliver quality patient care. Implementation refers to all of the nursing interventions directed toward solving the patient's nursing problems. Analysis is the process of identifying the patient's nursing problems

An elderly patient may have sustained a basilar skull fracture after slipping and falling on an icy sidewalk. The nurse knows that basilar skull fractures

Which of the following types of drugs might be given to control increased intracranial pressure (ICP)?

The nurse is teaching family members of a patient with a concussion about the early signs of increased intracranial pressure (ICP). Which of the following would she cite as an early sign of increased ICP?

Jessie James is diagnosed with retinal detachment. Which intervention is the most important for this patient?

Answer: A. Immediate bed rest is necessary to prevent further injury Both eyes should be patched to avoid consensual eye movement and the patient should receive early referral to an ophthalmologist should treat the condition immediately. Retinal reattachment can be accomplished by surgery only. If the macula is detached or threatened, surgery is urgent; prolonged detachment of the macula results in permanent loss of central vision

Dr. Bruce Owen, a chemist, sustained a chemical burn to one eye. Which intervention takes priority for a patient with a chemical burn of the eye?

The nurse is assessing a patient and notes a Brudzinski's sign and Kernig's sign. These are two classic signs of which of the following disorders?

Answer: B. A positive response to one or both tests indicates meningeal irritation that is present with meningitis. Brudzinski's and Kernig's signs don't occur in CVA, seizure disorder, or Parkinson's disease.

A patient is admitted to the hospital for a brain biopsy. The nurse knows that the most common type of primary brain tumor is

Answer: D. Gliomas account for approximately 45% of all brain tumors. Meningiomas are the second most common, with 15% Angiomas and hemangioblastomas are types of cerebral vascular tumors that account for 3% of brain tumors.

The nurse should instruct the patient with Parkinson's disease to avoid which of the following?

Gary Jordan suffered a cerebrovascular accident that left her unable to comprehend speech and unable to speak. This type of aphasia is known as

Answer: C. Global aphasia occurs when all language functions are affected. Receptive aphasia, also known as Wernicke's aphasia, affects the ability to comprehend written or spoken words Expressive aphasia, also known as Broca's aphasia, affected the patient's ability to form language and express thoughts. Conduction aphasia refers to abnormalities in speech repetition.

Kelly Smith complains that her headaches are occurring more frequently despite medications.

Patients with a history of headaches should be taught to avoid

Answer: D. Patients with a history of headaches, especially migraines, should be taught to keep a food diary to identify potential food triggers. Typical headache triggers include alcohol, aged cheeses, processed meats, and chocolate and caffeine-containing products.

Immediately following cerebral aneurysm rupture, the patient usually complains of

Which of the following is a cause of embolic brain injury?

Although Ms. Priestly has a spinal cord injury, she can still have sexual intercourse. Discharge teaching should make her aware that

Ivy Hopkins, age 25, suffered a cervical fracture requiring immobilization with halo traction. When caring for the patient in halo traction, the nurse must

The nurse asks a patient's husband if he understands why his wife is receiving nimodipine (Nimotop), since she suffered a cerebral aneurysm rupture. Which response by the husband indicates that he understands the drug's use?

Many men who suffer spinal injuries continue to be sexually active. The teaching plan for a man with a spinal cord injury should include sexual concerns. Which of the following injuries would most likely prevent erection and ejaculation?

Answer: D. Men with spinal cord injury should be taught that the higher the level of the lesion, the better their sexual function will be. The sacral region is the lowest area on the spinal column and injury to this area will cause more erectile dysfunction.

Cathy Bates, age 36, is a homemaker who frequently forgets to take her carbamazepine (Tegretol). As a result, she has been experiencing seizures. How can the nurse best help the patient remember to take her medication?

Richard Barnes was diagnosed with pneumococcal meningitis. What response by the patient indicates that he understands the precautions necessary with this diagnosis?

An early symptom associated with amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) includes

When caring for a patient with esophageal varices, the nurse knows that bleeding in this disorder usually stems from

Tiffany Black is diagnosed with type A hepatitis. What special precautions should the nurse take when caring for this patient?

Answer: B. The nurse should wear gloves and a gown when removing the patient's bedpan because the type A hepatitis virus occurs in stools. It may also occur in blood, nasotracheal secretions, and urine. Type A hepatitis isn't transmitted through the air by way of droplets. Special precautions aren't needed when feeding the patient, but disposable utensils should be used.

Discharge instructions for a patient who has been operated on for colorectal cancer include irrigating the colostomy. The nurse knows her teaching is effective when the patient states he'll contact the doctor if

The nurse explains to the patient who has an abdominal perineal resection that an indwelling urinary catheter must be kept in place for several days afterward because

The first day after surgery the nurse finds no measurable fecal drainage from a patient's colostomy stoma. What is the most appropriate nursing intervention?

If a patient's GI tract is functioning but he's unable to take foods by mouth, the preferred method of feeding is

Answer: C. If the patient's GI tract is functioning, enteral nutrition via a feeding tube is the preferred method. Peripheral and total parenteral nutrition places the patient at risk for infection. If the patient is unable to consume foods by mouth, oral liquid supplements are contraindicated

Which type of solution causes water to shift from the cells into the plasma?

Which assessment finding indicates dehydration?

Which nursing intervention would most likely lead to a hypo-osmolar state?

Which assessment finding would indicate extracellular fluid volume deficit?

A patient with metabolic acidosis has a preexisting problem with the kidneys. Which other organ helps regulate blood pH?

Answer: C. The respiratory and renal systems act as compensatory mechanisms to counteract-base imbalances. The lungs alter the carbon dioxide levels in the blood by increasing or decreasing the rate and depth of respirations, thereby increasing or decreasing carbon dioxide elimination. The liver, pancreas, and heart play no part in compensating for acid-base imbalances

The nurse considers the patient anuric if the patient

Which nursing action is appropriate to prevent infection when obtaining a sterile urine specimen from an indwelling urinary catheter?

After undergoing a transurethral resection of the prostate to treat benign prostatic hypertrophy, a patient is returned to the room with continuous bladder irrigation in place. One day later, the patient



reports bladder pain. What should the nurse do first?

A patient comes to the hospital complaining of sudden onset of sharp, severe pain originating in the lumbar region and radiating around the side and toward the bladder. The patient also reports nausea and vomiting and appears pale, diaphoretic, and anxious. The doctor tentatively diagnoses renal calculi and orders flat-plate abdominal X-rays. Renal calculi can form anywhere in the urinary tract. What is their most common formation site?

Answer: A. Renal calculi most commonly form in the kidney. They may remain there or become lodged anywhere along the urinary tract. The ureter, bladder, and urethra are less common sites of renal calculi formation

A patient comes to the hospital complaining of severe pain in the right flank, nausea, and vomiting. The doctor tentatively diagnoses right ureterolithiasis (renal calculi). When planning this patient's care, the nurse should assign highest priority to which nursing diagnosis?

Answer: A. Ureterolithiasis typically causes such acute, severe pain that the patient can't rest and becomes increasingly anxious. Therefore, the nursing diagnosis of pain takes highest priority. Risk for infection and altered urinary elimination are appropriate once the patient's pain is controlled. Altered nutrition: less than body requirements isn't appropriate at this time.

The nurse is reviewing the report of a patient's routine urinalysis. Which of the following values should the nurse consider abnormal?

Answer: B. Normal urine pH is 4.5 to 8; therefore, a urine pH of 3 is abnormal and may indicate such conditions as renal tuberculosis, pyrexia, phenylketonuria, alkaptonuria, and acidosis. Urine specific gravity normally ranges from 1.002 to 1.032, making the patient's value normal. Normally, urine contains no protein, glucose, ketones, bilirubin, bacteria, casts, or crystals.

A patient with suspected renal insufficiency is scheduled for a comprehensive diagnostic work-up. After the nurse explains the diagnostic tests, the patient asks which part of the kidney "does the work." Which answer is correct?

Answer: C. The nephron is the kidney's functioning unit. The glomerulus, Bowman's capsule, and tubular system are components of the nephron

During a shock state, the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system exerts which of the following effects on renal function?

While assessing a patient who complained of lower abdominal pressure, the nurse notes a firm mass extending above the symphysis pubis. The nurse suspects

Gregg Lohan, age 75, is admitted to the medical- surgical floor with weakness and left-sided chest pain. The symptoms have been present for several weeks after a viral illness. Which assessment finding is most symptomatic of pericarditis?

James King is admitted to the hospital with right-side- heart failure. When assessing him for jugular vein distention, the nurse should position him

The nurse is interviewing a slightly overweight 43-year- old man with mild emphysema and borderline hypertension. He admits to smoking a pack of cigarettes per day. When developing a teaching plan, which of the following should receive highest priority to help decrease respiratory complications?

What is the ratio of chest compressions to ventilations when one rescuer performs cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) on an adult?

Answer: B. The correct ratio of compressions to ventilations when one rescuer performs CPR is 15:2 When assessing a patient for fluid and electrolyte balance, the nurse is aware that the organs most important in maintaining this balance are the

Answer: D. The lungs and kidneys are the body's regulators of homeostasis. The lungs are responsible for removing fluid and carbon dioxide; the kidneys maintain a balance of fluid and electrolytes. The other organs play secondary roles in maintaining homeostasis

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Welcome

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Medical-Surgical Nursing Exam 2.

Marco who was diagnosed with brain tumor was scheduled for craniotomy. In preventing the development of cerebral edema after surgery, the nurse should expect the use of  
Halfway through the administration of blood, the female client complains of lumbar pain. After stopping the infusion Nurse Hazel should

Nurse Maureen knows that the positive diagnosis for HIV infection is made based on which of the following

Answer: B. These tests confirm the presence of HIV antibodies that occur in response to the presence of the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)

Nurse Maureen is aware that a client who has been diagnosed with chronic renal failure recognizes an adequate amount of high-biologic-value protein when the food the client selected from the menu was

Kenneth who has diagnosed with uremic syndrome has the potential to develop complications. Which among the following complications should the nurse anticipates

A client is admitted to the hospital with benign prostatic hyperplasia, the nurse most relevant assessment would be

A client has undergone with penile implant. After 24 hrs of surgery, the client's scrotum was edematous and painful. The nurse should

Nurse hazel receives emergency laboratory results for a client with chest pain and immediately informs the physician. An increased myoglobin level suggests which of the following?

Nurse Maureen would expect the a client with mitral stenosis would demonstrate symptoms associated with congestion in the

A client has been diagnosed with hypertension. The nurse priority nursing diagnosis would be

Answer: A. Managing hypertension is the priority for the client with hypertension. Clients with hypertension frequently do not experience pain, deficient volume, or impaired skin integrity. It is the asymptomatic nature of hypertension that makes it so difficult to treat.

Nurse Hazel teaches the client with angina about common expected side effects of nitroglycerin including

The following are lipid abnormalities. Which of the following is a risk factor for the development of atherosclerosis and PVD?

Which of the following represents a significant risk immediately after surgery for repair of aortic aneurysm?

Nurse Josie should instruct the client to eat which of the following foods to obtain the best supply of Vitamin B12?

Karen has been diagnosed with aplastic anemia. The nurse monitors for changes in which of the following physiologic functions?

Lydia is scheduled for elective splenectomy. Before the clients goes to surgery, the nurse in charge final assessment would be

Answer: B. An elective procedure is scheduled in advance so that all preparations can be completed ahead of time. The vital signs are the final check that must be completed before the client leaves the room so that continuity of care and assessment is provided for

What is the peak age range in acquiring acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL)?

Answer. A. The peak incidence of Acute Lymphocytic Leukemia (ALL) is 4 years of age. It is uncommon after 15 years of age.

Marie with acute lymphocytic leukemia suffers from nausea and headache. These clinical manifestations may indicate all of the following except

A client has been diagnosed with Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation (DIC). Which of the following is

Which of the following findings is the best indication that fluid replacement for the client with

hypovolemic shock is adequate?

Which of the following signs and symptoms would Nurse Maureen include in teaching plan as an early manifestation of laryngeal cancer?

Karina a client with myasthenia gravis is to receive immunosuppressive therapy. The nurse understands that this therapy is effective because it

A female client is receiving IV Mannitol. An assessment specific to safe administration of the said drug is

Answer: C. The osmotic diuretic mannitol is contraindicated in the presence of inadequate renal function or heart failure because it increases the intravascular volume that must be filtered and excreted by the kidney

Patricia a 20 year old college student with diabetes mellitus requests additional information about the advantages of using a pen like insulin delivery devices. The nurse explains that the advantages of these devices over syringes includes

Answer: A. These devices are more accurate because they are easily to used and have improved adherence in insulin regimens by young people because the medication can be administered discreetly

A male client's left tibia was fractured in an automobile accident, and a cast is applied. To assess for damage to major blood vessels from the fracture tibia, the nurse in charge should monitor the client for

Answer: C. Damage to blood vessels may decrease the circulatory perfusion of the toes, this would indicate the lack of blood supply to the extremity

While performing a physical assessment of a male client with gout of the great toe, Nurse Vivian should assess for additional tophi (urate deposits) on the

Nurse Katrina would recognize that the demonstration of crutch walking with tripod gait was understood when the client places weight on the

Mang Jose with rheumatoid arthritis states, the only time I am without pain is when I lie in bed perfectly still. During the convalescent stage, the nurse in charge with Mang Jose should encourage

A male client has undergone spinal surgery, the nurse should

Marina with acute renal failure moves into the diuretic phase after one week of therapy. During this phase the client must be assessed for signs of developing

Nurse Judith obtains a specimen of clear nasal drainage from a client with a head injury. Which of the following tests differentiates mucus from cerebrospinal fluid (CSF)?

Answer: C. The constituents of CSF are similar to those of blood plasma. An examination for glucose content is done to determine whether a body fluid is a mucus or a CSF A CSF normally contains glucose.

A 22 year old client suffered from his first tonic-clonic seizure. Upon awakening the client asks the nurse, What caused me to have a seizure? Which of the following would the nurse include in the primary cause of tonic clonic seizures in adults more the 20 years?

Answer: B. Trauma is one of the primary cause of brain damage and seizure activity in adults. Other common causes of seizure activity in adults include neoplasms, withdrawal from drugs and alcohol, and vascular disease.

What is the priority nursing assessment in the first 24 hours after admission of the client with thrombotic CVA?

Nurse Linda is preparing a client with multiple sclerosis for discharge from the hospital to home. Which of the following instruction is most appropriate?

Answer: C. The nurse most positive approach is to encourage the client with multiple sclerosis to stay active, use stress reduction techniques and avoid fatigue because it is important to support the immune system while remaining active.

The nurse is aware the early indicator of hypoxia in the unconscious client is

Answer: D. Restlessness is an early indicator of hypoxia. The nurse should suspect hypoxia in unconscious client who suddenly becomes restless.

A client is experiencing spinal shock. Nurse Myma should expect the function of the bladder to be which of the following?

Which of the following stage the carcinogen is irreversible?

Among the following components thorough pain assessment, which is the most significant?

Answer: D. Intensity is the major indicative of severity of pain and it is important for the evaluation of the treatment.

A 65 year old female is experiencing flare up of pruritus. Which of the client's action could aggravate the cause of flare ups?

Atropine sulfate (Atropine) is contraindicated in all but one of the following client?

Among the following clients, which among them is high risk for potential hazards from the surgical experience?

Nurse Jon assesses vital signs on a client undergone epidural anesthesia. Which of the following would the nurse assess next?

Nurse Katrina should anticipate that all of the following drugs may be used in the attempt to control the symptoms of Meniere's disease except

Which of the following complications associated with tracheostomy tube?

Nurse Faith should recognize that fluid shift in an client with burn injury results from increase in the

Answer: C. In burn, the capillaries and small vessels dilate, and cell damage cause the release of a histamine-like substance. The substance causes the capillary walls to become more permeable and significant quantities of fluid are lost.

An 83-year-old woman has several ecchymotic areas on her right arm. The bruises are probably caused by

Nurse Anna is aware that early adaptation of client with renal carcinoma is

A male client with tuberculosis asks Nurse Brian how long the chemotherapy must be continued. Nurse Brian's accurate reply would be

Answer: B. Tubercle bacillus is a drug resistant organism and takes a long time to be eradicated. Usually a combination of three drugs is used for minimum of 6 months and at least six months beyond culture conversion

A client has undergone laryngectomy. The immediate nursing priority would be

Answer: A. Patent airway is the most priority; therefore removal of secretions is necessary

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